The Massillon Independent.

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"IN OLD KENTUCKY"

President Roosevelt Is Given a Rousing Welcome by City of Louisville.

MAKES MANY SHORT SPEECHES

Train Passes Through Several States. Leaves St. Louis on "Katy" Line and Is Now Nearing Destination at San Antonio, Texas.

St. Louis, April 5.—President Roosevelt and party passed through Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana and Illinois and at 8:30 o'clock last night, after spending an hour and a half in this city, left for the southwest. The most notable reception of the day was at Louisville, where the president spent two hours.

From Louisville to St. Louis, the train slackened down at a dozen or more towns and at most of these great crowds were at the depot cheering as long as the train was in sight. The president made three speeches en route. They were at Milltown, Ind., Huntingburg, Ind., and Mount Vernon, Ill. At East Junction, near Princeton, Ind., where a change of engines was made, the president jumped down from the rear platform of the train to shake hands with a number of employes of the railroad shops there. The train ran through Princeton slowly to give the president an opportunity to hastily review several hundred school children who had been assembled near the railroad tracks.

At Huntingburg, Ind., the president said: "Gentlemen and ladies: It is a great pleasure to catch a glimpse of you and greet you on my way down to the reunion of my old regiment at San Antonio, Tex. There is one thing I am always impressed with in going through this country, and that is, that down at bottom, east or west, north or south, wherever you meet the average American, he is a pretty good American. (Cheers and applause). In greeting all of you, I want to say that while I am particularly glad to see the men and women, I think I am even more glad to see the children. I think the American stock is a middling good one, and I do not want to see it die out. I see here men who wear the button that shows that they fought in the great war. They have left us a legacy not only of how to do our duty in war, but in peace. Let us of the younger generation try to keep up their standard." (Cheers and applause).

Makes Speech in Illinois.

At Mount Vernon, Ill., the president said: "My Friends and Fellow Americans: I am delighted to be in this great and beautiful state today; to be passing through Illinois, which I know so well, and to be greeted by you. I have but a moment and I want to say a word of greeting to two bodies here; in the first to the men of the great war, to the men of the Grand Army (applause), to the men who actually did the deed instead of talking about it; and in the next place to our young people, the boys and girls; for it is going to depend upon what you do and the way you are brought up, whether 30 years hence we are as proud of this country as we are now. One word to the fathers and mothers—in bringing up the children do not make the mistake of trying to bring them up merely so that everything shall be as easy as possible, but so that they will be able to do the best that can be done with life, which is certain to be a little rough at best. Teach them not to shirk difficulties but to overcome them." (Cheers and applause.)

The train did not proceed into East St. Louis, but passed through the eastern outskirts to Madison, three miles north. Knots of people were scattered along the track, but as it had been generally understood that the train would not arrive until 8 o'clock there was no crowd to see the president's train and no demonstration beyond cheering here and there along the way.

At Madison a throng was congregated and wildly cheered as the train rounded the bend at the approach of Merchants bridge across the Mississippi. Without pause the train slowly and cautiously proceeded across the bridge to the North Market street railroad yards, where it met the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road.

Train Reaches St. Louis.

At 8 o'clock the train passed down the steep incline at the Missouri end of the Merchants bridge and as soon as the assembled crowds discerned it in the darkness an enthusiastic welcome from Missouri was given the president.

When the train stopped at the North Market street station President Roosevelt was at dinner and did not appear. The people congregated cheered lustily in the hope of securing a glimpse of the president, but almost before the first cheers had died away the switching engine had pulled the train to the Missouri, Kansas and Texas tracks.

The private car of A. A. Allen, vice president and general manager of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road, was attached in the yards and Mr. Allen will remain with the party so long as the train is on the "Katy" system. At 8:30 the train pulled out with a pilot engine running five minutes ahead. The first stop will be made at Vinita, I. T.

Louisville, Ky., April 5.—In the shadow of a magnificent bronze statue of Thomas Jefferson, President Roosevelt, in something less than 15 minutes, delivered a notable address to a crowd which extended for two blocks on the east and west sides of the speaker's stand. Not more than one-fifth of those who saw the president could hear what he said, but they cheered him heartily nevertheless, interruptions of applause occurring almost momentarily.

The president's welcome to Kentucky was typical of the state and his references in his speech to a "united country," his greeting of Confederate veterans as "my comrades" and his allusion to the wearer of the gray who bore aloft at the head of the procession of escort the "flag of one united country" greatly pleased those who could hear him.

The president was in Louisville but two hours, but not a moment was lost. His reception in the residence section of the city was cordial; as he passed through the business section it was thoroughly demonstrative of hearty good will, and at the speaking stand and on the short drive over the business section it was an assured ovation. The weather was cool and threatening when the president arrived, but before the downtown district had been reached the sun broke through the clouds and shone gloriously. Everywhere the crowds were enormous but orderly, and barring a little confusion in front of the speaker's stand the police arrangements were excellent.

The president was greatly pleased at the cordiality of the crowds and was much touched over the presentation of three magnificent souvenirs of Abraham Lincoln. These souvenirs were given him a few moments before his train departed for the southwest.

EARTHQUAKE IN INDIA.

Buildings Shaken Down and Many Persons Crushed to Death.

Mussoree, India, April 5.—A succession of earthquake shocks was experienced here, commencing at 6:10 a. m. The first was the most severe and continued for three minutes, and during that time it was impossible for a person to stand without support. Eleven shocks were distinctly felt. Considerable damage was done to property. The left wing of the Savoy hotel entirely collapsed, the new Catholic church was wrecked, and every house in the place was more or less damaged. Several homes were hurriedly vacated. There were many small land slips. The Mall cracked in five places. Several casualties are reported. One woman was killed and many natives were seriously injured. Reports from the Debra Dun and Rajpur districts show that extensive damage has been done.

Lahore, April 5.—Shortly after 6 o'clock the sharpest earthquake shocks within memory of living inhabitants were felt here and most of the people left their swaying and creaking houses to seek safety in the open. The damage was extensive. It is feared that there was considerable loss of life in the city, where many picturesque, tall old houses collapsed and parts of lofty buildings crashed on small adjacent dwellings. The towers of the Golden Mosque are reported to have fallen and Wazir Khan's mosque was badly cracked.

Simla, April 5.—There was a heavy earthquake here, which did considerable damage to buildings.

Delhi, April 5.—Seven earthquake shocks were experienced in this vicinity. Little damage was done.

Agra, April 5.—At 6:10 a violent earthquake, which continued for several minutes, was felt here. The natives are squatting on the ground this morning. Hookers on the river here turned turtle. The damage to buildings is not known. The wave passed from west to east.

LOBEL GETS A HEARING.

Wishes to Connect Russia and America by a Tunnel.

St. Petersburg, April 5.— Baron de Lobel, representing the French group which is engineering the project of connecting the railroad systems of Russia and America by means of a tunnel under Bering strait, has presented the matter to Minister of Railroads Hilkoff and Minister of Finance Kokovsoff.

Although the proposition is regarded as being a good deal in the nature of a Jules Verne dream, the ministers agreed to consider it and a commission of both ministries has been formed to examine the plans and report on them.

WILL SOUND KING ED.

Moroccan Question to Be Discussed at Meeting Today.

Paris, April 5.—There is a rumor current that Foreign Minister Delcasse will accompany President Loubet when the latter meets King Edward at Noisy-Le-Ze, near Paris, on his passage through France today. Some significance will attach to M. Delcasse's presence on this occasion owing to the Moroccan question.

King Edward is going to Copenhagen to be with King Christian of Denmark on the occasion of the latter's 83d birthday on April 8.

Republican Committee to Meet.

Columbus, O., April 5.—Chairman Gould has issued a call for a meeting of the Republican state central committee at Columbus, April 12, to decide upon the date and place for the state convention.

CHICAGO FOR DUNNE

Father of Thirteen Children Elected Mayor of Windy City by 20,000.

SOCIALIST VOTE IS DECREASED

Many of That Faith Vote Democratic Ticket—Issue Was Immediate Municipal Ownership of Street Railways, Which Dunne Favored.

Chicago, April 5.—A political tornado has overwhelmed one of the most ruggedly unique leaders in the country. Incidentally the Republican party met defeat in a memorable effort to capture the mayoralty of Chicago. As a direct result the city is officially committed to the policy of the quickest possible cessation of private franchises for public utilities. Municipal ownership is especially threatening street car lines, valued high up in the millions.

After winning successively four remarkable biennial fights of independents against the regular Republican party organization here, John Maynard Harlan, son of Associate Justice Harlan of the United States supreme court, is a loser as Republican candidate for mayor. The defeat is attributed to an extraordinary whirl of causes, starting with political revenge and taking in a wide sweep, embracing the most up-to-date socialism as a factor. The victor is Judge Edward F. Dunne, Democrat.

Seldom if ever has Chicago witnessed a more lively, picturesque contest. During the voting the city was hideous with the ringing of cowbells and the roar of cannon crackers.

Voters Fear Corporate Power.

It was a raw, blustering day, gloomy and cold for the most part until about the hour for the close of voting. The sunburst then was not hailed joyfully by the Republicans, who felt that even in the matter of election weather the party had been under a severe handicap.

Appeals to fear of domination by corporate wealth appeared to sway the voters and perhaps more than any other influence was incorrectly gauged by the Republicans. Harlan had been savagely harrassed during the campaign as the reputed representative of Wall street interests intent on fastening burdensome franchise grants upon the city. The Republicans, however, had figured that the voters susceptible to appeals of this kind would support the Socialist candidate, Collins, and that losses would be more than made up by Harlan's old time admirers among independent voters. Estimates of 50,000 votes as the total for Collins, Socialist, fell woefully short. The chief error in this respect was apparently in regard to the amount of loss from the Democrats to the Socialists. The advocacy of immediate municipal ownership radically voiced by Judge Dunne out-heroded any move by Collins.

Dunne's Victory Overwhelming.

The plurality for Dunne, Democrat, is estimated at between 22,000 and 25,000 votes over Harlan. In the city election two years ago Harrison, Democrat, defeated Stewart, Republican, by 7,660 plurality. The city, however, was carried by the Republicans in the presidential election last fall by a heavy plurality.

Mr. Harlan listened to the returns at the Republican headquarters. As early as 7:30 o'clock he acknowledged defeat and left for his home. When asked for his opinion as to the cause of his defeat Mr. Harlan said:

"The people of Chicago became infatuated with the idea of immediate municipal ownership and the majority of them cast their votes that way. I believed and still believe that our plans for the settlement of the traction question are the best, but the people thought different and voted in accordance with their convictions."

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY CHARGED WITH INSOLVENCY.

Cleveland, April 5.—An effort is being made by Attorney General Wade Ellis of Ohio in common pleas court here to force the Mutual Home Fire Insurance company of this city into the hands of a receiver. Proceedings were commenced by R. J. Mauck of Columbus, representing the attorney general's office. The petition for a receiver alleges that the liabilities of the Home Mutual exceed the assets.

President's Train Kills a Man.

Steubenville, O., April 5.—Peter Hardy, age 26, was killed by President Roosevelt's special train at Mingo Junction. Hardy was attempting to board a freight train when the special train struck him.

Land Stealers Are Trembling.

Portland, Ore., April 5.—After a recess of 30 days the United States grand jury resumed investigation of the land frauds in this state. It is reported that operations of several California lumber companies will be investigated.

Pope Receives Royal Visitors.

Rome, April 5.—The pope received in private audience the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and their daughters, Princesses Margaret and Patricia.

FLYER'S TRACK BLOCKED.

Freight Engine Hurled Over Embankment and Two Killed.

East Liverpool, O., April 5.—The new fast passenger train known as the "flyer," eastbound, which runs between Steubenville and Pittsburg on the Cleveland and Pittsburg railroad, was wrecked at Costonia, near Toronto.

The killed: Engineer Edward Fuller, Wellsville; Fireman C. Emig.

The injured: T. C. McIntosh, baggagemaster, seriously hurt internally; J. L. Burton of Steubenville, passenger, slightly injured; L. C. Leichner, Pittsburg, slightly hurt.

The wreck was caused by a collision with a freight train at the end of the new double track. The freight engineer found it impossible to stop his train, southbound, until it had run partially over onto the single track. The passenger train, going 40 miles an hour, struck the freight engine, which was thrown from the track and over a steep embankment. The fireman was instantly killed and the engineer lived but a few minutes. The freight crew escaped by jumping. The passenger cars kept the track. No passenger was seriously hurt, but all were terribly shaken up and somewhat bruised.

New York, April 5.—An eastbound passenger and express train on the Lehigh Valley railroad ran into a derailed car of a freight train at Valois, near Seneca lake. The freight car was smashed and the engine turned completely over. The engineer was killed and the fireman badly hurt.

37 BODIES RECOVERED.

Mine Examiner Loses Life in Leiter Mine at Zeigler.

Carbondale, Ill., April 5.—Thirty-seven bodies of miners who lost their lives in the gas explosion at the mine of Joseph Leiter at Zeigler have been recovered and it is supposed several more bodies are in the mine. The exact number of dead will probably not be known for several days, at least not until the mine has been divested of the gas.

Among the dead is William Scott Alkinson, state mine examiner for the seventh sub-district, who lost his life in an attempt to perform his duties as mine inspector and who died while trying to reach the bodies of those who were entombed.

After 30 hours but little light is shed on the cause of the catastrophe. The accident is attributed to carbonic acid gas due to poor ventilation. Every body so far recovered is a blackened mass. State Inspector Alkinson was one of the best known miners of the district. All the mines in the seventh sub-district have been ordered shut down on Friday next, the day of his funeral, and special trains have been ordered so that 10,000 miners can attend the funeral.

Joseph Leiter has arrived at the shaft. The coroner's jury empaneled to inquire into the cause of the disaster has so far rendered no verdict. The taking of evidence may be prolonged several days.

EXPLOSION IN FACTORY.

Three Men Killed in Accident at Bridgeport, Conn.

Bridgeport, Conn., April 5.—In a terrific explosion that blew to pieces one of the brick buildings of the Union Metallic Cartridge company shortly before the close of the day's work, three men were instantly killed. Great crowds gathered and in the panic that followed women fainted and made frantic efforts to get within the walls surrounding the plant, as it was reported that many lives were lost. They were held in check and the employes in the other buildings made their escape in safety.

The apparent horror of the situation was increased by the breaking out of fire and the appearance of ambulances and morgue wagons, which rattled up to the factory. A few moments after the explosion occurred the fire department arrived on the scene and succeeded in checking the flames.

The only man in the building at the time, John Meary, was blown through the roof with a great mass of debris, and came down dead. Two helpers, Michael Hurley and William Bayliss, working near the building, also were killed.

The explosion occurred in the dry house where primer caps are dried on long steam pipes. In some manner one of the caps was discharged and the explosion followed.

NEGRO MURDERS FOUR.

Although Wounded He Shoots His Father-in-Law Dead.

Batesville, Ark., April 5.—John Dow, a negro, went to Sulphur Rock to see his wife who was at her father's home, and because she refused to return with him he drew a pistol and shot her dead. He then shot and killed his mother and another negress.

His father-in-law secured a gun and shot Dow, but not fatally, the latter being able to return the fire, killing his father-in-law.

Prince's Auto Kills Woman.

Rome, April 5.—While Prince and Princess Brogil were riding in a motor car to Naples at the speed of 45 miles an hour their car ran over and killed a woman. The prince was arrested.

Matchmakers Must Guess Again.

London, April 5.—The report of the betrothal of King Alfonso of Spain to Princess Patricia of Connaught is officially declared unfounded.

MAIN ISSUE DEFINED

Ministers Publish Letter Protesting Acceptance of Rockefeller's Money.

GREAT QUESTION IS AT STAKE

Shall Church Accept Money from Questionable Sources or Shall It Rebuke Evil by Refusing It—Protestants Very Much in Earnest.

Boston, April 5.—At a late hour last night the committee of protesting clergymen completed its statement, which will be printed and sent broadcast today. It is addressed "To the Corporate Members of the American Board and the Ministers of Our Congregational Churches." After reciting the history of the controversy, the statement says under the caption "The Main Issue:"

"The protest rests on the conviction that the church must not stand in a compromising relation to a man who in public thought represents methods that are oppressive, dangerous and wrong. We cannot disregard the effect of the association which his name, in view of facts that are widespread and notorious, unfortunately carries with it. The church cannot afford to enter into any relation that may weaken or discredit it in the fulfillment of its task.

"The main question is one of moral prestige and power of the church. All the confusion arising from the liberal use of the figure 'tainted money,' may be brushed aside at once. Money is impersonal; it is not tainted and cannot taint morally. It is by voluntary relation to the donors that moral responsibility is incurred. With the unknown or unimpeached giver the church is brought into no such conscious and deliberate relation. The refusal of a gift for such a source as this in question does not imply 'investigation of the record of every giver,' and the whole practical difficulty which has been allowed to obstruct our fulfillment of the obvious duty of the moment falls to the ground as fictitious.

"The church owes it to itself and the public conscience to acknowledge responsibility when it voluntarily enters into dealings with a donor who stands openly impeached of serious offenses which it is our duty to condemn.

"The motives which constrain to this appeal are a deep solicitude because of the corporate evils that threaten our nation, our sense of the solemn and imperative mission of the church as the moral educator of the people, and a jealous zeal lest its energy and authority be impaired by any seeming compromise with the evil it is set to condemn. By the convergence of these motives upon this special case now brought before us as a church, it is lifted into commanding importance and our decision is fraught with momentous and far-reaching consequences."

TRIED TO TAKE PAPERS.

Assignee of Lorain Bank Made Accused Cashier Return Memoranda.

Lorain, O., April 5.—Cashier Kaneen, Assistant Bookkeeper H. B. Walker and Teller Dana S. Walker, the alleged wreckers of the Citizens' Savings bank, opened the vault doors for Assignee Fanchor. Cashier Kaneen seized some sheets of typewritten manuscript covering stock transactions, which he placed in his pocket.

The assignee demanded the papers, which Kaneen said were private property, and he was told that he must not remove anything from the bank which bore even the scratch of a pen and Kaneen returned them. Kaneen is said to have lost heavily on steel stocks. Money found in the safe amounted to $3,800.

LABOR LEADER CHOSEN.

Herrick Appoints D. P. Rowland of Cincinnati to Wagoner's Place.

Columbus, O., April 5.—Governor Herrick has appointed D. P. Rowland of Cincinnati a member of the board of penitentiary managers to succeed Captain Aaron Wagoner of Akron, the indicted banker, who has been president of the board during the past term.

Mr. Rowland, who is a carpenter by trade and a prominent labor leader of Cincinnati, is a member of the present house of representatives of the Ohio general assembly. Captain Wagoner's term had expired.

Opposition to Herrick Subsides.

Cincinnati, April 5.—In an interview here United States Senator Foraker said it was his understanding that the opposition to the renomination of Governor Herrick had practically subsided. Senator Foraker said he expected to remain in Cincinnati all week and then return to Washington to attend the session of the senate committee on intersate commerce.

National Wins a Game.

Philadelphia, April 5.—Philadelphia (National), 4, 7, 1; Philadelphia (American), 3, 7, 4. Duggleby and Abbott; Plank and Powers. Umpires—Connolly and Bauswine. Attendance, 2,451.

WAR AMONG CITIES.

Atlantic Coast Ports In Wrangle Over Freight Differentials.

Washington, April 5.—Arguments have begun before the interstate commerce commission in what is known as "the differential case," one of the most important the commission ever has had before it. The case involves the matter of differential inland freight rates to and from North Atlantic ports. It is more than 30 years since an adjustment was reached by which rates to New York were made the basis of those to other parts, Boston being charged the New York rate, Philadelphia being allowed a rate 2 cents per 100 pounds lower than New York, and Baltimore a rate 3 cents lower. Norfolk and Newport News have been given the same rates as Baltimore. These differentials have been the subject of repeated controversies and demands for their modification or discontinuance have caused legal contests between rival ports and the transportation lines serving them, and at times have resulted in rate wars between transportation lines. In some form the case has been pending almost continuously for years.

Finally, as a means of settlement, the Merchants' association of New York proposed to submit the whole matter of seaboard differential to arbitration and suggested the interstate commerce commission as a suitable tribunal to determine the proper relations of rates to and from the seaboard cities.

Attorneys have filed exhaustive briefs with the commission and have begun their oral arguments. The case practically has resolved itself into a contest between New York and Boston on the one side and Philadelphia and Baltimore on the other, the former cities protesting against the differentials and the latter supporting them.

BRADY ASKED TO RESIGN.

But No Response Has Come from Governor of Alaska.

Washington, April 5.—A conditional request has been made upon John G. Brady, governor of Alaska, for his resignation. Notwithstanding it was sent about a month since no response has been received.

JOHN G. BRADY, GOVERNOR OF ALASKA.

The request grows out of the fact that Governor Brady is identified with a mining company which is extensively engaged in advertising its affairs. This fact was brought to the attention of Secretary Hitchcock several weeks since.

Out of His Line.

Crawfoot—I say if you are so smart at problems, tell me how far off thunder is when you hear the first roll. Calculator—I can't do that, sir. Crawfoot—You can't? Calculator—No; I'm the lightning calculator.

3,000 Yards of Silk Stolen.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., April 5.—A wholesale silk robbery, supposed to be the work of the same gang that has recently been operating in Indiana towns, has been committed here. Roep & Lynch's store was broken into by thieves, who secured 2,000 yards of silk valued at $2,000.

PITTSBURG MARKETS—APRIL 4.

Corn—Yellow shelled, 53@53¼; high mixed, 51@51½; yellow ear, 57½@58.

Oats—No. 2 white, 36½@36¾; No. 3, 35¾@36; No. 1, 34¼@34½.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $12.75@13; No. 2, $11.50@12; No. 1 clover, $12.50@12.75; No. 1 mixed, $12.25@12.50; loose from wagon, $14@16.

Eggs—Selected candled, 17@18.

Butter—Prints, 32@35½; tubs, 31½@32; dairy, 21@22.

Cheese—New York full cream, new, 14@14½; Ohio cream, 14@14½; limberger, new, 13½@14.

Cattle—Prime to fancy, fat, smooth steers, $5.85@6.10; green, coarse and rough, fat steers, $4.25@5; fat, smooth, dry fed, light steers, $4.50@5.25; choice milch cows, $30@45; medium to good milch cows, $15@30; good, fat, smooth, handy butchers' bulls, $3@3.75; feeding steers, good style, weight and extra quality, $3.50@4; feed steers, common to good quality, $2.25@3.50; fair to choice stockers, $2@2.50.

Calves—Veals, good to choice, $6@6.75; veals, fair to good, $5.50@6; heavy and thin calves, $3@5.

Hogs—Good to prime heavy, $5.70; medium weights, $5.70; best heavy yorkers, $5.65@5.70; good light yorkers, $5.50@5.55; pigs, good to prime, $5.25@5.35.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $6.10@6.50; good to choice mixed, $5.65@6; fair to good mixed, $4.75@5.50; culls and common, $2.50@4; lambs, $5@8.25.

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COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Common Pleas Court Jury Has Been Excused.

THE TERM WILL END MONDAY.

Probate Judge Aungst Disposes of a Number of Cases in Criminal Court Monday — William Briggs Receives Heavy Fine and Workhouse Sentence for Larceny.

Canton, April 3.—The trial docket in common pleas court was called by Judge Harter in court room No. 1 Monday forenoon. Nearly all of the attorneys were present and in consequence quite a number of cases were cleared from the docket. The court also passed upon a number of motions. The motion for a new trial in the case of Anna P. Boron against Ed. Steinmetz and George Steinmetz was overruled. The plaintiff sued for $5,000 for injuries resulting from a runaway, which she alleged was due to the negligence of the defendants. The jury found for the defendants. The present term of common pleas court is rapidly drawing to a close. The jury has been excused and it is probable that Judge Harter will adjourn for the term after handing down decisions on next Monday.

Criminal court was convened by Probate Judge M. E. Aungst Monday morning in court room No. 2. Several cases were disposed of during the forenoon session. William Briggs entered a plea of guilty to petit larceny and was fined $50 and costs and sentenced to thirty days in the workhouse. He was ordered to stand committed until fine and costs are paid. Brigg was bound over to probate criminal court by Mayor Smith and was charged with stealing teas and other articles from Wheeling & Lake Erie freight cars. He was only released from the workhouse a short time before being arrested for the theft.

Staley Smith pleaded guilty to a charge of malicious destruction of property. Smith was fined $20 and costs, which he arranged to pay. It was charged against Smith that in an altercation in William Watts' saloon, in East Lake street, he threw a beer glass which crashed through a mirror. Smith has always borne a good reputation and it was evidently by reason of bad aim that he ruined the mirror.

The cases of Ohio against Josephine Kendall, charged with petit larceny, and Ohio against Austin H. Shoof, accused of unlawfully driving an automobile, were continued until next Monday.

The trial of John Wurmbeck, charged with embezzlement, will be placed on trial before Judge Aungst and a jury Tuesday morning, according to the assignment.

Four cases were dismissed by the court for failure to secure costs. These cases were: Ohio vs. Elizabeth and John Masters, charged with assault and battery; Ohio vs. John Yeagle, converting mortgaged property to his own use; Ohio vs. John Hand, assault and battery; Ohio vs. John Leeper, non-support of minor children.

Richard Johnson and Charles Huston, both colored, have been placed under arrest by the local authorities and charged with suspicion. The men are believed to have been implicated in breaking into the residence of R. H. Bulley, southeast of the city, and ransacking the house. Huston is also accused of stealing brass belonging to the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad Company.

THROWN TO THE STREET.

An Accident Sunday Evening to Miss Mary Winkle.

While Miss Mary Winkle, of East Greenville, was alighting from a city street car in West Main street Sunday evening, she fell to the pavement and sustained a few cuts on the face and other slight injuries. Miss Winkle desired to leave the car at Henry street but as the car had run past that point, the conductor said that the car would be backed to the desired point. Miss Winkle evidently misunderstood the conductor and tried to alight just as the car was starting backwards.

She was thrown to the pavement. Passengers went to her assistance but found that the injuries were of a slight nature. She was cared for by friends and later went to her home.

PROGRESS IS MADE.

A Rehearsal of Eisteddfod Music Sunday Afternoon.

The Amphion chorus with one hundred and sixty-four persons present, held a rehearsal in the Presbyterian chapel Sunday afternoon. The selections for mixed choruses to be sung in the Stark county eisteddfod on May 30 were rehearsed. The music is already known by many of the singers and the chorus will give much time during the next two months to the music.

REAPED AS HE SOWED.

The Crop That Was Raised by Meissonier's Clever Gardener.

Meissonier, like many other celebrities, had a passon for gardening. His gardener, an accomplished botanist, knew to perfection the seeds of every plant, and his master had often tried in vain to throw him off his guard.

"This time I have him," the artist remarked to a party of friends at the dinner table. And he showed them a packet containing the dried roe of a herring. He then sent for the gardener.

"Do you know this seed?" Meissonier inquired.

The gardener carefully scrutinized the grains.

"Why not?" he said at last. "They are the seeds of the 'Polpus finsamus,' a very rare tropical plant."

"How long will they be coming up?" Meissonier asked, with a chuckle of suppressed exultation.

"About a fortnight," was the reply.

Two weeks later the guests were again assembled at Meissonier's table, and after dinner the gardener was announced.

"M. Meissonier," the man said, "the seed has just come up."

"Ah, you surprise me!" the artist exclaimed as he rose and led the way into the garden to examine the botanical phenomenon.

The gardener lifted a glass shade and disclosed to view a small bed with three rows of pickled herrings' heads peeping out of the earth. Everybody laughed. Meissonier dismissed the gardener on the spot, but took him on again next day.

THE DANCE IN SPAIN.

It Is an Essential Part of the Life of the People.

Dancing is a universal instinct with Spanish women. The great annual feria at Seville is largely an orgy of dancing. As evening approaches everywhere one begins to hear the sound of castanets and to see the gracious movements of the seguidilla, the universal Andalusian dance.

But the fundamental instincts of the Spaniard for dancing and the serious and profound way in which it expresses the temperament of the people are perhaps shown by nothing else so much as by the existence of religious dancing in Spain. At the time of St. Thomas of Villaneuva, bishop of Valencia, it was customary to dance before the sacred elements in the churches of Seville, Toledo, Jerez and Valencia. Religious dancing continued to be common in Catalonia and in Roussillon (the most Spanish of the French provinces) up to the seventeenth century.

But a real and unique survival of religious dancing is the dance of the seises in Seville cathedral, when the choristers, wearing the same costume as they were 400 years ago, perform a dance to the accompaniment of castanets in the space between the high altar and the choir.

Dancing is something more than an amusement in Spain. It is part of that solemn ritual which enters into the whole life of the people.—Twentieth Century Home.

Tree That Turns to Stone.

There is a tree that grows in Mexico called the chijol, or stone tree. It is of enormous proportions, both in circumference and height. It has a number of branches spreading out widely and carrying leaves of a yellowish green color. The wood is extremely fine and easily worked in a green state. It is not given to either warping or splitting. The most remarkable thing about it is that after being cut the wood gets gradually harder, and in the course of a few years it is absolutely petrified whether left in the open air or buried in the ground. From this timber houses can be built that would in a few years become completely fireproof and would last as long as though built of stone.

Dutch Cure For Lazy People.

The Hollanders are not fond of lazy people, and they have a very good way of curing persons who can but won't work. If a pauper who is able to work refuses to do so they put him in a cistern, to which a pump is attached, and turn on a stream of water. The stream flows into the cistern just slow enough to enable the lazy person by lively pumping to keep the water from getting up over his head.

Real Riches.

"Who is the richest man in the world?" asks an exchange and begins measuring millions against millions. All wrong. The richest man in the world is the one that gets the greatest amount of happiness out of what he has, whatever it is. It is an old truth, but it was never truer than it is today.—Pueblo (Colo.) Chieftain.

A Reminder.

Elder Sister—Really, dear, you mustn't put "I remain ever your loving Nellie Tomkins." You may put "I remain your loving Nellie Tomkins" if you like, but underline the "remain" and the "Tomkins." Father's been throwing out hints about the long courtship, darling!

Gray Eyes and Lovelight.

There are no finer eyes in the world than those clear gray eyes of Quaker gray that now and then we see in some good woman's face. Somehow or other they fill you with a vague desire to pray. They are the eyes that shine with lovelight (a beautiful old word), the light of an exceeding kindness for all living things.

The green iris has had a bad reputation. Shakespeare speaks of eyes "green as leeks" and jealousy as a "green eyed monster." A person with green eyes is often stigmatized as "cat eyed" and is supposed to possess all a cat's purring and ingratiating insinuation.—Brown Book.

PAUL JONES' BONES.

Ambassador Porter Believes He May Be Able to Find Their Burial Place.

Ambassador Horace Porter has some reason to believe that he has at last discovered the remains of John Paul Jones, the heroic American sailor, says a Washington dispatch to the New York Tribune. About four years ago he received evidence that the body of John Paul Jones, who died in Paris, had been buried in a small urban cemetery, but a search for this cemetery disclosed the fact that it had been abandoned early in the last century and that its site was covered with buildings, leaving little hope that any remains buried there could be found. These facts were reported to the state department at the time, and there the matter has rested until recently.

Not long ago, however, Mr. Porter came into possession of some additional information which warranted at least the hope that the sailor's skeleton was not removed when the buildings were erected and that it now reposes beneath the foundations or within the cellar of some of the dilapidated old flats which stand on the ground once occupied by the cemetery. A defect in the clews now at hand lies in the fact that they do not indicate under which particular building John Paul Jones was buried. If these clews are to be followed, therefore, it will be necessary to demolish anywhere from one to a half dozen buildings. The coffin may be found at the first excavation or it may be necessary to turn over the whole site of the ancient cemetery.

It has been suggested that even if remains were found in the work of excavation it would not be possible to identify them after this lapse of time as those of John Paul Jones. Mr. Porter, however, thinks otherwise, pointing out that the American sailor was buried in a lead coffin—an unusual means of burial at that date, and one likely to preserve the body in fair condition for an indefinite period of time. It is true that Jones, by bequeathing to friends and immediate attendants upon his deathbed his sword, his medals and jewelry, which otherwise would have been found in his coffin, added to the difficulty of identification. But Mr. Porter feels that the hermetically sealed coffin, if found, will still contain sufficient evidence for purposes of identification.

The ambassador has suggested to the president that to defray the cost of searching for the remains of John Paul Jones congress be asked to appropriate a fund of $35,000, and the president, it is believed, will approve this recommendation. It is contemplated, in the event the search is successful, that the remains shall be placed on a United States warship and brought to Washington, to be buried in the National cemetery at Arlington, after appropriate ceremonies.

Diamonds.

Previous to the discovery of the Brazilian mines in 1727 diamonds were found chiefly in India and Borneo. The most valuable Brazilian diamond was the Southern Star, found in 1854, which weighed 254 carats in the rough and 124 carats after cutting. The South African diamonds do not equal the Brazilian for purity on the average. Other countries where diamonds are known are the United States, British Guiana, Russia, China, Sumatra and Australia. In the United States the stones are found only occasionally in alluvial material and drift. The great lakes region is one of the districts in which they are found.

Owing to the peculiar circular or oval form of the deposits in which diamonds are discovered in South Africa it is considered that these deposits mark the vents or pipes of ancient volcanoes, and it is therefore considered that the presence of diamonds is connected with volcanic activity, the stones either having been brought up from the interior of the earth or having been formed where found under the influence of molten rock in connection with carbonaceous shale.

A Record Breaker.

Among the army of London carriage drivers is an Irishman noted for his native wit. It stood him in poor stead one day, however. Pat was engaged by a gentleman to drive to a hydropathic establishment.

On arrival at the gate the fare inquired, "What's your fare, driver?"

"Well, sir," said Pat, "the manest jintleman I ever drove here gave me 2 shillings."

"Is that so?" exclaimed the gentleman, who was a bit of a wag. "Well, here's a shilling for you, my man. I like the idea of breaking records."—London Globe.

The Expression "Great Scott!"

Correspondents of the London Academy have been discussing the origin of the American expression "Great Scott!" One thought it arose in some obscure way from the name of General Winfield Scott. Another writes: "Surely the connection of this with General Winfield Scott, mentioned by your correspondent, is doubtful—probably a mere volksetomologie or story invented to account for a word not otherwise understood. Russell's 'Current Americanisms' merely defines it as a 'euphemistic oath of no great force and very uncertain origin.' He must have been acquainted with the Winfield Scott story and (as he is elsewhere very hospitable to fancy derivations) must have had reasons for rejecting this one, but it is odd that he did not record the fairly obvious corruption of the German 'Gruss Gott!'"

She Reasoned It Out.

Ethel—Mamma, if a little boy is a lad, why isn't a big boy a ladder? Mamma—For the same reason, I suppose, that, although a little doll is a doll, a big doll is not a dollar. Ethel (reflectively)—That's so. My big doll was $2.—Kansas City Journal.

BACK TO THE PEOPLE

Bryan Appeals to Rank and File to Record Their Wishes.

PRIMARIES THE PLACE TO DO IT

Democratic Leader Says National Convention Should Receive Instructions from the People—Getting Back to First Principles Is His Idea.

Lincoln, Neb., April 3.—"It is a getting together of the aggressive elements of the party in active preliminary work for the great battle of 1908," said W. J. Bryan, in explanation of his recent activity in connection with plans for the Democratic campaign of 1908.

Mr. Bryan has returned from Des Moines and it was with particular reference to the meeting held there that he spoke. Mr. Bryan explained that the Des Moines meeting, like the one at Topeka, Kan., late in February, was to further a movement for the organization of Democratic clubs. In Iowa, he said, the same plan had been adopted as in Kansas, with both of which he was in hearty sympathy.

"Reorganization," continued Mr. Bryan, "is hardly the proper way to express it, because the party does not need reorganization. There is no factional division calling for separate efforts, but the movement is to get back to the people, to put the radical and progressive element in more complete control, that there may be united, harmonious effort for the campaign of 1908. The purpose is to begin at the bottom, letting the rank and file have a voice in the national convention by writing the platform at home for the national convention to ratify."

Mr. Bryan said he was not trying to head a faction or to change the organization further than that he wanted the progressive men of the party to take the lead. The conservatives, he said, had dominated the last national convention and the party had met with defeat. He believed the rank and file of the voters was for progression and radicalism if need be. Mr. Bryan continued:

"The work should begin at the primaries and every Democrat should vote. It remains with the rank and file of the Democratic party to say what the party's course shall be. No one will for a moment doubt the course which will be adopted by the rank and file of the party if they avail themselves of the duty to register their preference at the primaries. But a systematic effort will be necessary in order that Democrats will be impressed with the importance of participating in their party's councils."

Mr. Bryan quoted his announcement of several weeks ago for the organization of the party, saying the plan does not rest upon the paramount importance of any one issue, but it recognizes the right of the Democratic voters to control the policy of the party and to determine its position upon public questions.

LOAN COSTS SITUATION.

Postoffice Inspector at Philadelphia Meets With Surprise.

Philadelphia, April 3.—George C. Holden, the inspector in the postal service attached to the Philadelphia inspection division, who admitted that the Storey Cotton company, the most of whose officers are fugitives from justice, had advanced $1,100 to him as a loan, has sent his resignation to Washington. Holden declares the money was paid back a few days later without any understanding with the Storey Cotton company that he was to protect the concern against investigation by the postoffice department. He, however, admitted that in accepting the loan from that concern he was indiscreet and thought it best, in view of the revelations in the case, to send his resignation.

Since the loan was made he says he has sent three separate reports to Washington recommending that fraud orders be issued against the Storey concern.

FIVE KILLED IN MINE.

United Verde, Owned by Senator Clark, Scene of Fatal Accident.

Prescott, Ariz., April 3.—As the result of an explosion in the United Verde mine at Jerome, owned by Senator Clark, five men are dead and five others seriously injured.

The accident happened just as the shifts were being changed and all the men except 12 had been raised to the surface. On account of the heavy rains surface water found its way to that portion of the mine where fire has been smoldering for several years, and steam thus generated caused the explosion, blowing out the bulkheads erected to keep fire from spreading.

Moorish Murderers Punished.

Berlin, April 3.—A dispatch received here from Tangier announces that the affair of the murder of a German subject named Genthe has been arranged. Two Moors who were implicated have been condemned to imprisonment for life and the government of Morocco has undertaken to erect a monument over Genthe's grave and compensate his family.

Elliott Danforth Not in Danger.

Washington, April 3.—The condition of the Hon. Elliott Danforth of New York, who is ill with typhoid fever, continues favorable.

HYDE MUST SURRENDER.

President Alexander of Equitable Society Is Obdurate.

New York, April 3.—James Hazen Hyde has agreed to surrender the control of the executive committee of the Equitable Life Assurance society to the policy holders and the Alexander interests.

The executive committee controls the Equitable, and consequently Mr. Hyde surrenders control of the company, which has been under the domination of his family since it was founded in 1859. Mr. Hyde did not specifically resign from the company, but he agreed to a position which paves the way for him to step down and out gracefully if the emergency should arise.

President James W. Alexander did not agree to accept the important concession offered by young Mr. Hyde. Neither did either of his counsel, former Justice William E. Cohn and Bainbridge Colby, who represented him at the meeting at which the agreement was drawn up, accept it.

President Alexander is determined that nothing short of the resignation of Mr. Hyde and his complete retirement from all active part in the management of the society would make it possible to end the war.

Although all kinds of pressure was brought on him to give Mr. Hyde another chance and to accept the new concessions, President Alexander stood hard and fast to his declaration that Mr. Hyde must get out or face an investigation, which, he declared, could only result in the retirement of Mr. Hyde from the company under conditions even more humiliating to his pride than those which now exist.

SLASHED WIFE'S THROAT.

Pittsburger Commits Horrible Crime, Then Kills Himself.

Pittsburg, April 3.—John C. Walton, age 30, went to the home of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Elizabeth Hackett, 215 Emerson street, and told his little daughter to call his wife downstairs.

The child called up: "Mamma, come down. Papa is here."

The woman came down stairs. As soon as she saw him she said: "You have broken your promise. You have been drinking again. I tell you right now, I'll never live with you again."

"Won't you; take that," was his response as he whipped an open razor from his pocket and slashed her across the throat. She fell backward into her mother's arms and in a few minutes was dead.

Walton fled and just outside the house cut his own throat. He died six minutes later at the office of Dr. Shields in Swope street.

Walton came to Pittsburg from Latrobe about 12 years ago. Ten years since he married Susan Hackett. Owing to his intemperate habits they had lived together about half the time. Recently he had visited his wife and she had promised to go back to him if he quit drinking for a month.

HAY SEES NAPLES.

Officials Invade His Privacy to Pay Their Respects.

Naples, April 3.—The White Star line steamship Cretic, with Secretary of State John Hay and Mrs. Hay on board, arrived here after a pleasant voyage. Mr. Hay declares that his health has been greatly improved by the trip and Mrs. Hay also is enjoying the voyage.

Mr. Hay was much impressed by the view from the heights, where he took luncheon, and declared the scene on the bay of Naples to be of unexcelled beauty.

Notwithstanding Mr. Hay's desire to be relieved of all official standing during his tour, the prefect of Naples called at his hotel to pay his respects as the representative of the Italian government. Charles S. Francis, the American minister to Greece, also called on Mr. Hay, and a number of tourists assembled for a look at the secretary as he drove from the hotel.

WILLIAM F. POTTER DEAD.

Railway Magnate Succumbs to Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.

New York, April 3.—President William F. Potter of the Long Island railroad is dead here of cerebro spinal meningitis. Mr. Potter had been ill for the past month, having been stricken with a chill on his return from a meeting of the board of directors of the Pennsylvania railroad in Philadelphia on March 3, when his condition was so serious that he was unable to proceed to his home in Flushing, L. I., and was taken to a hotel, where he remained until his death.

Mr. Potter was born in Utica, N. Y., in 1846 and began his railroad career as a brakeman on the Flint and Pere Marquette railroad, of which his father was vice president. He rose rapidly, finally becoming president of the Long Island Railroad.

Retires from Public Life.

Washington, April 3.—Ex-Senator Stewart of Nevada, after many years spent here in public life, left Washington to make his home in Tonopah, Nev.

Celebrating Andersen Centenary.

Copenhagen, April 3.—The Hans Christian Andersen centenary is being celebrated throughout Denmark under royal patronage.

Crass Ignorance.

An east side kindergartner was about to give her class a lesson, with "The Kitten" as the subject. She began by saying: "Our lesson this morning will be all about the kitten. Now, can any little boy or girl tell me which grows on the kitten, fur or feathers?"

A dead silence followed for a minute, when one little boy said in a loud voice: "G-o-o-d gracious! Hain't you never seen a kitten?"—Life.

SNOWSLIDES.

They Are Fearful of Speed and a Magnificent Spectacle.

Snowslides are most frequent on steep mountains that have a heavy snowfall. With a billowy train of snow dust boiling out behind and overturning or crushing almost everything before they make an awful and magnificent spectacle. Their speed is sometimes so great that trees alongside are overturned by the swamping force of the air which the slide has violently disturbed.

There are many well authenticated instances where miners have been caught on the surface of a slide and by dexterous use of their skees have kept on top of the engulfing surface of the slide and come out uninjured. John Muir once rode down from the high Sierra on a snowslide. He was swished back down in a minute over a distance that had taken all day to climb.

One day while climbing up a steep snowy slope a slide started beneath me, and for a time I was on the surface of its upper edge, where the snow was about two feet deep. Wading a torrent will give some idea of the sweep of the coasting snow. The snow dust steamed and boiled up around me, and each time I struggled to my feet the rushing snow simply jerked my feet from beneath me. At last, almost smothered, I was dropped off the back end upon bare ground.—Enos A. Mills in Harper's Weekly.

A Tale of a Tub.

The two pretty American girls had met two delightful Englishmen on the way across and had given a cordial invitation, warmly seconded by their mother, to Sir Charles and his friend to visit them at their country home.

One day a message came saying the two men would arrive that afternoon. The family was thrown into a fever of excitement, and many plans of entertainment for their guests were suggested and abandoned. It was finally decided that, as Englishmen are notoriously fond of a "tub" and their guests were coming directly from the train, they should first be invited to take a bath. After that the hostess would rely on the inspiration of the moment.

The young men arrived promptly and after some demurring were hurried off to the bathroom. In about an hour they emerged and went immediatly to their hostess, saying, "We are sorry to leave so soon, but we only came to make a call, and our train leaves in fifteen minutes."—Lippincott's.

All the News.

A wise editor says: "A man told us the other day that we did not publish all the things that happened. We should say not. In the first place, there is somebody else depending on us for a living. If we printed all that happens we would soon be with the angels. In order to please the people we must print only the nice things said of them and leave the rest to gossip. Yet it's a fact we don't publish all the news. If we did wouldn't it make spicy reading? But it would be for one week only; the next week you would read our obituary. All the news is all right when it's about the other fellow."

Japanese "Silent" Music.

A curious ceremony is performed in Japan by the court musicians at certain Shinto festivals. Both stringed and wind instruments are used, but it is held that no sound should be allowed to fall upon unworthy ears, and, as some of the ears present might be unworthy, all the motions of playing are gone through by the musicians, but not a single sound is heard. This strange custom dates back many generations, but since the advent of civilization has rapidly lost favor.

A New Variety.

A New York woman tells of an experience which she had recently in one of the large department stores. She was looking for some house furnishings and, walking up to one of the floorwalkers, asked where she could see the candelabra.

"All canned goods two counters to the left," answered the official guide briefly.—Harper's Weekly.

Pence and Bones.

A writer in a London newspaper says: "The other day I heard an Englishman defending our system of coinage on the ground that we are the only nation on earth who can say that the system is bone of our bone. For there are 240 bones in the body and 240 pence in the pound; there are 120 bones in the head and trunk and 120 in the limbs and 120 pence in half a sovereign; each limb contains 30 bones, and a half crown contains 30 pence; in the spinal column there are 24 bones and in a florin 24 pence, and as we have 12 ribs on each side, so we have 12 pence in every shilling. See how the proportions of the skeleton of our commerce conform to nature's teaching. No wonder it is vigorous."

The Ready Repartee.

"This book"— began the agent who had pushed his way into the office.

"Don't want it!" snapped the busy merchant. "I wish I knew some sure way to keep you fellows out of here."

"This book tells you. Buy one."—Philadelphia Ledger.

It Depends.

Miss Spright—Do you believe in putting an old head on young shoulders? De Gay—That depends upon whether you have reference to love or education.—Butte Inter Mountain.

The Same Girl.

Young Husband—When I used to kiss you, you slapped me. Young Wife—Well, you won't get slapped now unless you forget to kiss me.—Illustrated Bits.

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REMARKABLE ENGINEERING.

Two Story Brick House Moved Nearly Four Miles by Water.

The Scientific American describes a remarkable feat of engineering, the removal of a large two story brick building sixty years old, weighing over 200 tons, from its former location at Sharpsburg, a suburb of Pittsburg, to Allegheny, a distance of nearly four miles. This in itself was a very clever piece of work; but, to make it all the more wonderful, most of the work was performed upon the water.

From the moment the house was lifted until it was placed upon its new foundation there arose one complication after another. The long stretch of ground lying between it and the river was of such a soft, marshy nature, apparently without bottom, that the building was constantly in danger of collapsing, but even when these obstacles were overcome and the house placed upon the shore of the river a severe flood rose, surrounding the house to a depth halfway to the second story and placing it in midstream. In order to prevent it from being washed away, the blocking and rollers had to be weighted down with immense beams and steel rails. The rushing waters abating sufficiently, the house was moved and lowered upon a large coal barge.

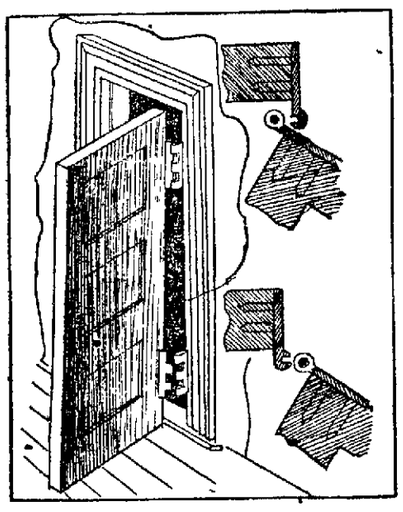
This being done and everything made ready, it was gradually towed down the Allegheny river; but, due to the four low bridges between it and its destination, the barge had to be scuttled before passing each bridge, the water being pumped out afterward. To add to the excitement, it had to be lowered through a lock, and even when the river trip was completed three tracks of the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg railroad had to be crossed within thirty minutes.

SEPARABLE HINGE.

Makes Easy Work of Taking Down and Putting Up Doors.

In many households it is the custom to take down the doors or inside shutters in the spring and put them up again in the fall, but the work is very trying to the uninitiated, and it is hardly a job of sufficient importance to warrant calling a carpenter. A New Yorker has invented an improved type of hinge adapted to overcome this difficulty.

The construction also provides easy access to the pintle for the application



HOW THE HINGE WORKS.

of a lubricant thereto. The pintles are formed integral with the leaves which are attached to the door jamb, while the other leaves of the hinges are formed with slotted knuckles adapted to fit into recesses in the pintle hinges and engage the pintles. The slots in the knuckles of the door leaves, however, are oppositely disposed, so that when mounting the door the upper leaf is first moved into engagement with its corresponding pintle leaf, and then the lower one is moved into position. The door is kept thus in hinged position by the action of gravity, but can be unhinged by a horizontal pull. The upper leaves cannot be disconnected until the door is wide open.

Oil Fuel In German Navy.

A correspondent of the London Morning Post in a dispatch of recent date reports that the German admiralty has given orders for the construction of several oil tank vessels for the use of the German fleet, which is "resorting to oil in an increasing degree for firing purposes." It is stated that all German battleships now burn oil as well as coal and that the use of large tank ships of the kind ordered has been found to "very materially facilitate the operation of pumping oil into the tanks of war vessels," and attention is called to the fact that it is both "a quicker and cleanlier operation than filling the bunkers with coal."

Dispersing Fog by Electricity.

Sir Oliver Lodge, a well known English scientist, has been experimenting on London's black fog and has succeeded in dispelling it by electricity over an area 200 or 300 feet in diameter, but he admits that he has arrived at no practical result. The action of his apparatus seems to depend on the drawing together of the minute fog particles, a sort of agglutination, caused by throwing among them electric disturbances which "agitate the ether." These larger particles fall to the ground as fine rain, and the air is cleared.

Thunderer and Poet.

An early copy of Swinburne's "Poems and Ballads" volume (1866) came into the hands of Dallas, then chief literary reviewer to the London Times, who, after ruminating on what we will call the pygmy poems, strode off to Moxon's with an ultimatum. Either, said he, let them withdraw the book or he would denounce it and destroy it. As they had no wish to be denounced or destroyed themselves, they preferred to accept the former alternative. John Camden Hotten brought out the book.—Fortnightly Review.

Heroism Rewarded.

Years ago a vessel was wrecked off the northwest coast of Ireland. Crowds gathered on the beach to witness the scene. A few brave men came forward and put out to the sinking vessel. As they came back to the shore with their burden of human lives the watchers cried: "Have you got them all? Are they all saved?" "Yes," was the answer, "all but one. If we had stayed for him all would have been lost." Instantly a stalwart fellow stepped out from the crowd and called for volunteers. The mother begged the young man not to go, saying: "Your father was lost at sea; your brother William sailed away, and we have never heard from him. If you go my all will be lost." Embracing her, he said, "I must go." In a short time he was seen returning. "Have you got your man?" cried the watchers. "Yes," was the reply, "and tell mother it is brother William."

A Formula For Marriage.

The Frankfurter Zeitung has discovered a formula for marriage. Nothing is more certain, it says, than that this formula is right. The question asked is what age should a man's bride be? The formula is: Let x be the man's age. Then x÷2+7=bride's age. For example, a man is 34; the half of his age is 17; then 17 plus 7 is 24. The bride's age should be 24. For a man of 34, therefore, the proper age for his wife is 24. Take the man of 60. x=60 ÷2=30+7. The man of 60 must marry a woman of 37. For the juvenile marriages of southern latitudes the formula is equally valid. The hot blooded Castilian, for example, of 18 wishes to marry. The formula says x=18÷2=9+7=16 His wife should be 16 years old.

The "Undertaker's Friend."

Both men and women when they decide to "wrap up" do so by increasing the number of layers of clothing in front over those on the back of the body. It is a great mistake. The main "telephone exchange" of the nerves of the body lies in the spinal cord, situated in the spinal canal, and this exchange has immediate, complete and instantaneous connection with the skin of the whole of the back of the trunk and is much more sensitive than that of the skin in front.

It behooves us, then, to see that the back is covered, if not more than, at least as much as, the front, between the shoulders. In men the thin back of the waistcoat is "the undertaker's best friend." In women it is the space between the top of the corset and the center of the neck, more especially in that type of garment popularly known as the "pneumonia blouse."—London

A Colossal Idol.

Two miles from Kamakura and about twenty from Yokohama, in Japan, on a terrace near the temple sits the most gigantic idol in the world. It is the brazen image of a deity and dates from the reign of the Emperor Shomu, who died A. D. 748. The dimensions of this idol are colossal. His height from the base of the lotus flower upon which he sits to the top of his head is sixty-three and a half feet. The face is sixteen feet in length and nine and a half feet wide, the eyes are three feet nine inches from corner to corner, the eyebrows five and a half feet and the ears eight and a half feet. The chest is twenty feet in depth, and the middle finger is exactly five feet long. The fifty-six leaves of the lotus throne are each ten feet long and six feet wide.

The Gentleman.

"The true gentleman," said Cardinal Newman, 'carefully avoids whatever may cause a jar or jolt in the minds of those with whom he is cast—all clashing of opinion, all collision of feeling—his great concern being to make every one at his ease and at home. He guards against unreasonable allusions or topics which may irritate. He never speaks of himself except when compelled. never defends himself by a mere retort. He is scrupulous in imputing motives to those who interfere with him and interprets everything for the best. He is never mean or little in his disputes, never takes an unfair advantage, never mistakes personalities or sharp sayings for arguments."

The Last Resort.

Sandy entered a smoking compartment and asked each of his immediate neighbors for a match. All happened to be without them, however, and a look of disappointment came over the Scotchman's face as he remarked resignedly, "Aweel, I'll e'en hae to use one o' my ain."

Good Advice.

Said a man who had been detected cheating at cards: "They threaten to kick me downstairs. What am I to do?" The friend appealed to offered this timely counsel, "Play on the ground floor."

His Fatal Mistake.

"Adam was his own boss, wasn't he?"

"Yes, an' ef he hadn't gone ter sleep at de wrong time he'd been so yet!"—Atlanta Constitution.

No man or boy is ever the slightest good in this world unless he has ambition.—Lord Stanley.

A Diplomatic Reply.

An eastern potentate once asked a group of his courtiers which they thought the greater man, himself or his father. At first he could elicit no reply to so dangerous a question. At last a wily old courtier said, "Your father, sire, for, though you are equal to your father in all other respects, in this he is superior to you, that he had a greater son than any you have." He was promoted on the spot.

Every man owes every other man a happy face.—Chicago Tribune.

Coffee and Smoke In Spain.

Even of wine, so cheap and abundant in Spain, the natives seem to use very little. They are frightfully intemperate, however, in their use of tobacco and coffee. They drink coffee at all hours and apparently every hour. The clerk who takes his morning cup at 9 has another at his desk an hour later, purchased from a street vender. The business men passing through the streets pause while a fellow who carries hot coffee, hot milk, sugar and spoons harnessed upon him serves them on the sidewalk.

If the Spaniard does not smoke in his sleep it is his only respite from the habit.—Rosary Magazine.

Diplomacy.

Mamma—I hope Willie didn't tell a fib when you found he had been at the jam. Aunt Jane—Not at all! When I discovered that somebody had been at the jam he looked at Fido and said, "I didn't know, auntie, that dogs liked jam."—Boston Transcript.

A Linguist.

"What has he learned at college?"

"Why, he seems to have devoted himself to the study of modern languages. I've heard him talk baseball, football, golf, tennis, horse, polo and poker in the course of half an hour."

Preparedness.

Begin the morning by saying to thyself, I shall meet the busybody, the ungrateful, arrogant, deceitful, envious and unsocial, but I, who have seen the nature of the good, that it is beautiful, and that of the bad, that it is ugly, can be injured by none of them.—Marcus Aurelius.

Cause For Sorrow.

Brown—Smith is down with brain fever. Green—You don't say so! Brown—Yes. The doctor says if he recovers his mind will be a blank. Green—Well, I'm sorry to hear that. He owes me $10.

Spiteful.

Kate—Do you think it's true that people catch anything through kissing? Madge—Oh, I don't think so. See how often you've been kissed and you've never caught anybody yet.

He who brings ridicule to bear against truth finds in his hand a blade without a hilt.—Landor.

Extremes In the Mails.

Extremes sometimes meet in the mails. In a recent pile of exchanges the Yukon News from Dawson, Yukon territory, was in juxtaposition with the Isle of Pines Appeal from Santa Fe. Isle of Pines, and the Freethinker of London lay cheek by jowl with the Christian Intelligencer of New York.—New York Tribune.

A Great Composer.

Ethel—Who was that man you just bowed to? Penelope—That was Dobson, the great composer. Ethel—A composer, did you say? Penelope—He manufactures soothing sirup.

Friends and Foes.

Dear to me is the friend, yet can I make even my very foe do me a friend's part. My friend shows me what I can do; my foe teaches me what I should do.—Schiller.

Forestry Reserves.

The first forestry reserves were made for the general object of preserving the forest and without specific relation to the great problem for which later they were to provide the only solution. Now they are seen to stand at the center of public land policy of the nation, for out of them come the wood and the water and the grass which are indispensable for the founding of homes.—Gifford Pinchot.

True Heroism.

The hero fears not that if he withhold the avowal of a just and brave act it will go unwitnessed and unloved. One knows it—himself—and is pledged by it to sweetness of peace and to nobleness of aim, which will prove in the end a better proclamation of it than the relating of the incident.—Emerson.

A Suggestion.

"I'm glad you like your suit," said the tailor.

"Yes, it's a fine piece of work," said Slopay, much pleased. "It's certainly a credit to you."

"H'm! I—er—hope you won't forget that it's a debit to you."—Philadelphia Press.

Just Debts.

"And what were the provisions of your uncle's will?"

"That I should have all he left after the payment of his just debts."

"Ah, very good of the old man, wasn't it? What did he leave?"

"Just debts."—Chicago Record-Herald.

His Cynical Theory.

"Father," said the small boy, "why do they call a speech made at a banquet a toast?"

"My son," was the answer, "it is probably because it is so dry."—Exchange.

Too True.

George—What can be more sickening than to see another fellow making love to a girl? Harry—To see another fellow making love to your girl.—Town Topics.

A Father's Jest.

Softleigh—When I—aw—awsked her foh her hand in mawriage her bwutal father thweatened to—aw—bwain me, doncher know. Miss Cutting—That's just like her father. He always was fond of a joke.—Chicago News.

Saved It.

Aunt Jane—What a man Henry is to tear and swear! You used to say he never lost his temper. Emily—Yes, that's when he was paying attention to me. Evidently he was saving until after he was married.—Boston Transcript.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This is an important daily question. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

America's most popular dessert. Received Highest Award, Gold Medal, World's Fair, St. Louis, 1904. Everything in the package; add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry, Strawberry, Chocolate and Cherry. Order a package of each flavor from your grocer to-day. 10c.

When you make Ice Cream use Jell-O ICE CREAM Powder. All ingredients in the package. At all grocers. 2 pkgs. for 25c.

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Lots on Chester, Edwin and Dwight streets, from $250 to $500.

Lots on George and Johnson streets from $200 to $250.

Four lots off Wachter street $150 to $200.

One lot on Clay alley.

Fifteen lots on South Erie street.

These lots can be sold on small monthly payments.

James R. Dunn,

Over 50 S. Erie St.

Office hours from 7 to 8 A. M. and from 4 to 5:30 P. M

THOMAS BURD, Agent.

FOR SALE!

THE REMPIS CEMENT BLOCK MACHINES

Patd. Feb. 11, 1905

A Good One. Made by

The Rempis & Gallmeyer Foundry Co.

60 N. Front St., Grand Rapids, Mich. Write us. It will pay you

Breeder of

BERKSHIRE HOGS

AND

Buff Orpington
Barred Rocks
Black Minorca
Chickens.

Eggs and stock for sale, $1.00 and $1.50 per setting.

J. J. BOWERS,

R. F. D. No. 2, Massillon, Ohio

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For Fifteen Days.

Best Chain Pumps, $3.25 complete.

Best Wooden Suction Pumps $2.50 to $3.50.

Best Force Pumps and Iron Pitcher Pumps, White Leads, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Oil Cloth, Linoleum, Ladders, Gasoline Stoves and Ovens, Churns, Poultry Netting, Clothes Wringers, Washing Machines, Gas and Water Pipe and Fittings, Chandeliers, Anti Rust Tinware, Roofing Paper, Lawn Mowers, Graniteware, Grass Seeders, Poultry Goods and large line of Farm and Garden Tools at very lowest prices.

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Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case, no matter of how long standing, in 6 to 14 days First application gives ease and rest 50c. If your druggist hasn't it send 50c in stamps and it will be forwarded post-paid by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo

WALL PAPER,

Window Shades Curtain Poles

We have never had the pleasure of showing such a pretty display of rich colored effects in Wall Paper, the artistic designs of which are made in suitable styles for every room, be it the Parlor, Sitting, Library, Dining, Kitchen and Bath.

The Oil Cloth Wall Covering

Is becoming more popular every year, and the people who have used them find they are most satisfactory as well as the most serviceable.

The Sanitary Varnished Papers

Have always been too expensive for the man with moderate means, but you can now arrange to have that bath room and kitchen both papered with this very satisfactory paper, as we have reduced some of our regular 25c patterns to the very low prices of 10c, 15c and 20c.

Special Sale

Of Slow Selling Papers of good quality that formerly sold at from 5c to 15c per roll, have been marked down to the ridiculously low prices of 2c, 3c, 4c and 5c.

Room Mouldings,

Plate Rails and Beadings, in gold, white or the natural wood finish, help materially in beautifying a room; in fact, have almost become a necessity.

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In all colors and widths. For the ordinary sized windows we have them as low as 5c and up to 40c each We also make a specialty of the extra wide widths for those large windows, and always carry the following sizes in stock: 42, 48, 54 and 63 inch, and cost much less than to have them made

Curtain Poles

To fit any sized window or door, in white, brass, or the natural wood finish at very reasonable prices.

The Brass Rods

Are being used to a great extent, and make a very neat appearance. We have the solid and the extension kind, with all the fixings to go with them.

Picture Moulding Hooks at 5c per dozen and up.
Picture Wires and Chains in several different sizes.
Shade Pulls, the metal or silk kind, from 2c to 10c each.
Whitmore's Adjustable Shade Brackets will save cutting down your shades. Ask to see them
Wall Paper Cleaner, just fresh this year, sells at only 10c per box, or 3 boxes for 25c.

We only ask you to give us a call and be convinced.

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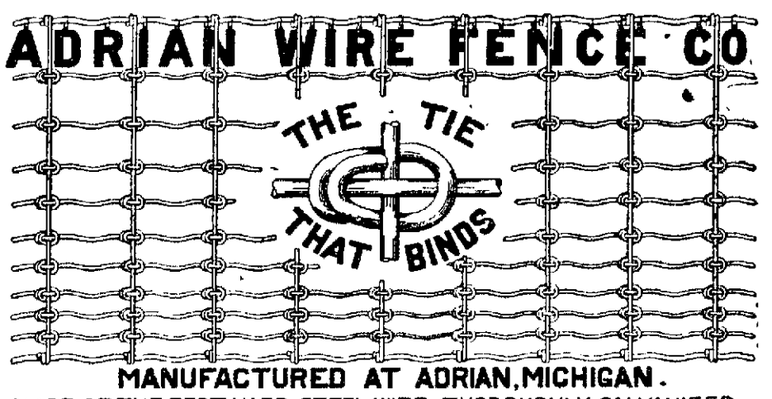
20 East Main St., Massillon, Ohio.

ADRIAN WIRE FENCE CO



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MADE OF THE BEST HARD STEEL WIRE, THOROUGHLY GALVANIZED. THE LOCKS WILL NOT SLIP, THEY ARE NOT DROVE DOWN ON THE WIRE, HENCE NOT A WIRE IN THE FENCE IS INJURED. 16 CROSS BARS TO THE ROD. THE HEAVIEST WOVEN WIRE STANDARD FARM FENCE ON THE MARKET.

FOR SALE BY

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Farmers Phone, 335, Massillon, O.

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PAY OFF A MORTGAGE?

THE HOME PURCHASING & REAL ESTATE CO., OF NEW CASTLE, PA., will loan you the money to buy a home or a farm or pay off a mortgage $3.00 per month per $1,000, until loan is made and $6.00 per month thereafter until loan is paid, interest included.

ARE YOU LOOKING FOR A PLACE TO INVEST YOUR SURPLUS CAPITAL?

THE HOME PURCHASING & REAL ESTATE CO., OF NEW CASTLE, PA., offers to the public its coupon bonds secured by first mortgage on Real Estate, which constitute a thoroughly conservative, guaranteed six per cent. investment, which in these times and with the lowering interest rates for money loaned is not readily obtainable These coupon gold bonds are insured and sold only in denominations of $1,000 and the 20 coupons attached are paid semi-annually at the Home Trust Co., of New Castle, Pa They mature in ten years and the Principal is then payable in cash. They are fully guaranteed by first mortgage on Real Estate—both Principal and Interest. For particulars, write

THE HOME PURCHASING & REAL ESTATE CO.

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Cures Grip in Two Days.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

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MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bammerlin's Cigar Stand and Hankins's News Stand in North Mill Street.

UNION LABEL

THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1905

Automobiles may pant recklessly to and fro or stand shuddering at the doors of the fortunates who are able to pay for them, but the good old bicycle continues to be the handmaiden of the citizen who wants to cover the ground with speed and at a small price.

How beautiful is Democratic harmony! Judge Parker refuses to sit at the same table with Colonel Bryan. The colonel declines to break bread with Grover Cleveland. Under the circumstances that touching and longed for condition, graphically described as "getting together," seems likely to be rather indefinitely deferred.

The utmost significance is attached to the instructions which President Roosevelt gave his subordinates at Washington before leaving for his hunting expedition. He is to be kept in close touch with the far Eastern situation by telegraph and has arranged that if necessary he could start back to Washington on two hours' notice. Walter Wellman says in his Washington correspondence to the Chicago Record-Herald: "Notwithstanding the fact that nothing tangible came of his efforts of last week to find a basis of action—efforts exclusively and authoritatively reported in these dispatches—President Roosevelt is still hopeful that within a few weeks conditions may take a turn for the better. It is not now expected that either Russia or Japan will be found willing to undertake negotiations till after the fleets of Admirals Rojestvensky and Togo have engaged in combat. But after the expected battle, it is believed by those who are in closest touch with both governments, peace must come. When it does come, there is a belief both in official and diplomatic circles here that President Roosevelt will be accepted as the distinguished neutral through whom at least the preliminary stages of the negotiations will be conducted."

WEATHER SIGNS

If it clears off in the night, look for rain the next day. If smoke from the chimney settles instead of rising there is a storm at hand. When sound travels a long distance there is also a storm near. Never expect much storm in the old moon. The absence of dew and unusually heavy dew are alike forerunners of rain. Not much frost need be expected in the light of the moon.

The owl hooting in the hollow is a sign of a cold storm; on the hill, it foretells a thaw. If the hornets build low the winter will be hard. When leaves fall early the winter will be long. When snow falls on a hard road it will not last long. The last spring snowstorm never comes until after the "sugar snow," which may be recognized by coming in unusually large flakes and lasting only a few minutes. If the hog's milt is found big at the front the first part of winter will be most severe; if the reverse is true, we may look for hard weather in February and March. Bright "northern lights" bring severe cold. Sun dogs indicate a bad storm.

Distant sound heard distinctly forebodes no good weather. If the sun "draws up water" it will rain. The pitcher sweating and the teakettle boiling dry also indicate rain. Cobwebs thickly spread upon the grass are an indication of fair weather. Animal life seems, according to the popular notion, to have peculiar warnings regarding the weather changes. Some of these are explainable by natural causes. It is a fact recognizable by all intelligent stockmen that cattle have an intimation of an approaching storm some hours before it is visible to the human eye. There is certain restlessness which the cowboy has learned to interpret at once.

When you see a pig pasturing in the field build for itself a nest, you may look for a storm. Chickens take extra pains in oiling their feathers just before a rain. Peafowls send forth their shrill cries as a warning, and when the quail cries "more wet" from the meadow the farmer works briskly to get his hay under shelter.—Putnam's Magazine.

PROPERTY OWNERS

Who desire lasting results, should insist upon the use of Green Seal Liquid Paints. It's the great preserver of surfaces. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

PRODUCTIVE LAND.

Large Crops are Raised on the Infirmary Farm.

The following is a list of the different products of the Stark county infirmary farm, consisting of 233 acres, for the year 1904:

Hay, 90 tons; wheat, 375 bushels; oats, 2,000 bushels; corn, 4,025 bushels; potatoes, 2,676 bushels; onions, 60 bushels; sweet corn, 150 bushels; tomatoes, 250 bushels; beans, 300 bushels; red beets, 100 bushels; radishes, 40 bushels; cucumbers, 150 bushels; sweet potatoes, 20 bushels; lettuce, 300 bunches; endire, 75 bushels; celery, 6,000 bunches; cabbage, 6,000 heads; apples, 600 bushels.

In addition twenty-eight cows were kept, producing a large amount of milk and butter.

A STRIKE ON SEWER WORK.

Thirty-six Men Quit Work Tuesday Afternoon.

DIFFERENCES WITH FOREMAN.

The Strike Occurred in Connection With Making Excavations in Railroad Street for a Sewer Which is to be Put Down by Contractors Downs & Campbell, of Canton.

The excavation for the Railroad street sewer, which is being done by the contracting firm of Downs & Campell, of Canton, is progressing slowly, temporarily, because of a strike of the workingmen Tuesday afternoon, when thirty-six men quit work in sympathy with six other workingmen who had been discharged.

Frank Holtzman, of this city, says he was the first man discharged by the foreman. Holtzman says the foreman approached him and asked him if he was sick. At the time Holtzman was straightening up after a long period of work and replied that he was not sick but he was no slave and pointed to the work he had done since morning and also called attention to the very difficult work that was being done. The foreman later paid Holtzman thirty-seven and one-half cents for a half day's work, according to Mr. Holtzman, and told him he could go. Holtzman picked up his dinner bucket and coat and prepared to leave. About that time five others were laid off by the foreman and told to leave.

Other fellow workingmen had heard the talk and when the six men prepared to leave others also made similar preparations, and when the last one to leave had taken his coat and bucket the force was thirty-six short, leaving but a few men to continue the work.

One report of the incident says that the men objected to working ten hours a day for $1.50, holding that nine hours' work for that sum was a full day's work. The men who left work say that the price did not enter into the argument.

The foreman is making an effort to secure other men and on Wednesday had a dozen men at work. The excavation was commenced Monday afternoon and extends from East street west on Railroad street and makes a short turn on Mill street.

The men who quit work say that within five minutes after they left they were offered work with a Massillon contractor, who will begin similar work next Monday.

THRIFTY PEOPLE

Use Green Seal Paint. Considering results, it's the cheapest on the market. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty five cents a bottle

Tired Out

"I was very poorly and could hardly get about the house. I was tired out all the time. Then I tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and it only took two bottles to make me feel perfectly well."
Mrs. N. S. Swinney, Princeton, Mo.

Tired when you go to bed, tired when you get up, tired all the time. Why? Your blood is impure. You are living on the border line of nerve exhaustion. You need Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.

Take Ayer's Pills with the Sarsaparilla. They act on the liver, cure biliousness, headache, constipation.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

DRESSED ONLY IN NIGHT SHIRT

Elias Cain Eluded His Nurse at Mt. Airy Hospital.

WANDERED TO COLUMBIA YARDS

There He was Seen by W. & L. E. Employes Who Clothed Him and Notified the Police—Again at the Hospital and No Worse for the Midnight Journey.

Elias Cain, a patient at Mt. Airy hospital, in a temporary fit of delirium at 10:30 o'clock Tuesday evening, eluded his nurse and escaped from the hospital. As he left the hospital grounds he fell down an embankment and was slightly scratched but this did not deter him from continuing on his journey. He had no knowledge of where it would end.

The next seen of Mr. Cain was by employes of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Company in the Columbia terminal yards, where a man dressed only in a night shirt was seen walking aimlessly around the yards and over the tracks. Several of the men took Mr. Cain in charge and conducted him to the switchmen's house where he was clothed from material gathered together from trainmen and switchmen's outfits. A rousing fire was built and Cain was warmed up after a journey of over a half mile in the sharp air.

The police were notified and the patrol wagon with Officers Davis and Wittmann went to the yards and secured Cain. He was taken back to the hospital and was none the worse for his trip. He left the hospital at 10:30 and was taken back at 12:30.

Cain is in the employ of the Warwick Stone Company and was taken to the hospital last Friday suffering from nervous exhaustion. He was rational all of the time up to 10:30 o'clock Tuesday evening when he suddenly was impressed with the idea that he wanted to see a brother. The nurses endeavored to dissuade him, using strategy to accomplish their end without avail. The impulse was so sudden that the nurses had no time to call outside assistance. This is the first case at Mt. Airy when a deilrium has developed so suddenly. Signs of the disease are often seen in cases two hours before the delirium reaches its extreme form.

After Cain had again been placed in the hopsital he was rational and greatly regretted the circumstances. He was rational Wednesday and did not appear to be any worse for his rough and hazardous trip.

BIG FLOATING DOCKS.

It Will be Able to Handle a 20-000 Ton Battleship.

Baltimore, April 5.—The largest floating steel dry dock in the world, which is being constructed at the dock department of the Maryland Steel Company, at Sparrows Point, is now ninety per cent complete. It is expected that it will be floated in May.

The dock is for the United States government and has been planned to raise the largest vessel in the United States navy. The contract requires that it shall lift a 16,000 ton battleship, but this capacity will be exceeded, and its maximum lifting power will be 20,000 tons. The floating dock contains 11,000 tons of steel and has 2,000,000 rivets. It will require 301 tons of red lead and linseed oil to paint it. Its cost is $124,000. It is 500 feet long over all, 100 feet wide between fenders, 134 feet wide over all and 42 feet high on the side walls clear of the poutoons. The side walls are 64 feet high from the bottom. The thickness of the side walls is 14 feet. The pontoons are 18½ feet deep. When floating light draught it will draw 6½ feet of water. When sumberged it will require 63 feet of water to give a draught of 30 feet above the blocks.

The next largest dock in the world is that at New Orleans. It has a lifting capacity of 17,500 tons.

The Bermuda dock, built in England, is 545 feet long, 100 feet wide and has a lifting capacity of 16,500 tons. The Pola dock, owned by the Austrian government, has a lifting capacity of 15,000 tons.

The Stettin dock, owned by Germany, is 510 feet long and has a lifting capacity of 11,000 tons. The Pensacola dock of the United States government, formerly the Havana dock, is 450 feet long and has a lifting capacity of 10,000 tons.

The first floating dock ever constructed was built in England. When it was completed, in 1869, it was towed to Bermuda by two men-of-war, the Agincourt and the Terrible. It was semi-circular in shape and had the appearance of a huge rocker.

The modern docks are square in shape and consist of bottom or pontoons and two side walls. The dock now being constructed at Sparrows Point has the appearance of a huge box with two ends and top missing.

Provision has been made on the dock for quartering nine officers and twelve men. It is fitted with electric light service and distilling apparatus for securing fresh water for drinking purposes. It will also be fitted with a complete machine shop, equipped to handle all ordinary repairs to vessels taken into the dock.

When the dock is afloat it will be towed to Solomon's Island, in the Patuxent river, and anchored there until it is tested by lifting the heaviest vessel in the United States navy. After the test has been completed it will be towed to the Philippines, a distance of 14,000 miles, where it will be formally delivered.

This will be a difficult marine task. The towing is to be done by vessels of the United States navy, accompanied by a fleet of colliers.

TOO MUCH TIPPLING.

Folly of Too Liberal Allowances for College Students.

New Haven, Conn., April 5.—"The proportion of his income which the wealthy college student spends for pleasure and intoxicants is entirely too large. It not only demands a large waste of time, but it renders the student less fit to study."

That is the conclusion which Prof. William B. Bailey, of the department of political economy in Yale university, has reached in making a statistical study of the amounts of money the juniors in the academical department of Yale spend every year, according to their own statements. Dr. Bailey says:

"It was the purpose to discover the differences between the expenditures of the poor and wealthy student. The disbursements were distributed among necessities, stationery, pleasure, tobacco and intoxicants. When the accounts were tabulated they were separated into five groups: Below $500; from $500 to $1,000; from $1,000 to $1,500; from $1,500 to $2,000, and over $2,000. In this way it was possible to know whether the poorer students spent a larger proportion on necessities than their wealthy classmates.

"For every dollar spent by the poorest men, the wealthiest spent $8.43. They spend a little more than four times as much on stationery, six times on necessities, eighteen times on pleasure and eighty-two times on tobacco and intoxicants. The wealthy man needs nearly ten times as much for physician and medicines as the self-supporting student, but the man with the large income feels that he can afford the services of a physician, when the poor man would find that by staying in his room for a day or two he would be able to resume work.

"Those on the honor appointment list spend 1.8 per cent on tobacco and intoxicants, while those who had not attained the necessary ranking spent 8.1 per cent on the same item. Men who have time to spend $897.90 on pleasure and tobacco and intoxicants do not have enough time left for their regular work to rank high in the class."

THE CHADWICK CASE.

Federal Officers Oppose Suspension of Sentence.

Cincinnati, April 5.—Judge Francis J. Wing, counsel for Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick of Cleveland, appeared before Judges Lurton, Severens and Richards in the United States circuit court of appeals in this city yesterday and moved that her sentence be stayed until the United States circuit court of appeals shall have heard her appeal, or until final judgment be rendered in the court of last resort. United States District Attorney John J. Sullivan, also of Cleveland, was present during the hearing of the motion as the representative of the government. After hearing the motion, Presiding Judge Lurton announced that the court will take the matter under consideration and will render an opinion today.

Cleveland, April 5.—Federal officials in this district now say that Mrs. Chadwick has been detained long enough to testify in the bankruptcy proceedings against her. They now believe the woman should be taken to Columbus to commence her sentence to the penitentiary immediately.

After a conference with Marshal Chandler District Attorney Sullivan unexpectedly decided to go to Cincinnati early yesterday morning to protest against any stay in the execution of the sentence given Mrs. Chadwick. Before leaving Sullivan stated that he would express an opinion before the court of appeals to the effect that ample time had been given Mrs. Chadwick to appear in bankruptcy court and tell all she knew of her affairs.

The statement was made yesterday that if the apellate court refuses to grant a stay of execution Mrs. Chadwick will be taken to Columbus this week.

300 SQUARE FEET

May be covered twice with one gallon of Green Seal Paint. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

MACHINE MINING SCALE ADOPTED.

Agreement Reached by the Conference Tuesday.

SCALE SAME AS LAST YEAR.

The Price is 17 Cents for Narrow Work and 20 Cents for Wide Work—The Grievance Committee of Operators and Miners Met Wednesday to Settle Minor Matters.

At the conference of the operators and officials of the miners' union of the Massillon district Tuesday evening, the scale of wages for machine mining in force last year was adopted as the scale for the coming year. The price is seventeen cents a ton for narrow work and twenty cents a ton for wide work.

The machine mining scale was settled only after the miners waived their claims for a ten per cent increase over the scale last year. The ten per cent increase was asked for at the miners' conference in this city three weeks ago. The delegates to the operators and miners' conference insisted upon the increase until Tuesday. In the afternoon session signs of a settlement appeared and at the evening session the matter was finally adjusted.

The narrow work mentioned in the agreement consists of removing the dirt and other obstructions when a room is opened. The wide work consists of the work in a room after it has been opened ready for actual taking out of coal.

The conference has been of a continued nature for two weeks. No agreement could be reached at the first meeting several days ago and an adjournment was made to give the miners' delegates time to canvass the situation. The conference that ended in an agreement was commenced Monday and lasted until Tuesday evening.

The grievance committee was in session Wednesday in the offices of the Pocock Coal Company. This committee considers a number of small matters connected with the mines, such as furnishing coal from the mines for household use. When a scale of wages is adopted, a provision is contained stating the price for which the companies will furnish coal to the miners for household use. A condition has now arisen which was not contemplated. Some time ago the Massillon Coal Mining Company closed down No. 2 mine and paid off the miners, saying at the time that the miners were free to obtain work wherever they chose. The miners now claim that they are entitled to coal from the company at the rate mentioned in the scale. The company holds that when it paid off the miners it thereby relieved itself of all obligations in this respect. The mine is closed and the miners have obtained work elsewhere. This is but one of the questions to be considered by the grievance committee.

The Massillon Coal Mining Company now has four mines in operation, the ones that have been in operation all winter. They are Nos. 1, 7, 8 and 12. Some of the others of the twelve mines in this district have been closed down permanently and some temporarily.

The mining industry in the Massillon district has fallen off considerably during the last two years but the operators and miners still have hopes that a revival will be experienced. Coal from other districts has entered into competition with the best Massillon grade and the latter has suffered in sales because of the cheap price of the other grades. The use of natural gas has also entered somewhat into the situation.

The conference, which closed Tuesday evening, had nothing to do with the general scale of wages of the district as a scale for two years was adopted one year ago. The only matter of difference was over the scale for machine mining, which was only settled temporarily one year ago. The agreement made Tuesday evening is good for one year.

OBITUARY.

MISS ADELAIDE M. BECK.

Miss Adelaide M. Beck died at 8 o'clock Monday evening at her home, 922 West Eighth street, Canton, of peritonitis, after an illness of one week. Miss Beck had been a teacher in the Massillon schools for the past three years and during the present year was a teacher in the Franklin street building. Funeral services will be held at her late home in West Eighth street on Thursday at 1 o'clock. Interment will be made in the Massillon cemetery at 3 o'clock.

HANNA'S LUSTRO-FINISH

The most beautiful finish for floors and woodwork ever on the market See the finished samples at Hawk Hardware Co.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

W. C. T. U. Given Permission to Sell Real Estate.

Canton, April 5.—Judge Harter, in common pleas court Wednesday morning, granted the Women's Christian Temperance Union of this city permission to sell the W. C. T. U. building and property located at the southeast corner of Eighth and Piedmont streets for $7,500. The application was made by the W. C. T. U. in order that more commodious quarters may be secured. The sale will be made to John Skeeles, who bid $7,500 for the property, and is authorized by the court with the understanding that the proceeds be invested in real estate. Judge J. W. Albaugh represented the W. C. T. U. The application was not contested. Under its charter the W. C. T. U. can buy and hold real estate but cannot sell without permission from the court. Judge Albaugh said that the W. C. T. U. had an option on the Monitor block at the southwest corner of Eighth and Court streets which will likely be purchased. It is planned to remodel the block and provide apartments for young women employed in the city but whose homes are not in Canton.

Next Monday morning the assessors throughout Stark county will begin their annual duties. In consequence Auditor M. W. Oberlin and his assistants were busy Tuesday furnishing the assessors with blanks and instructions. The auditor's office was thronged with assessors all day. Tuesday morning they held a meeting in court room No. 3, at which Auditor Oberlin was present.

NEGROES COMPELLED TO MOVE.

One Man Chased Fifty Miles by Angry Whites.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 5.—After a tramp of thirty miles over the country from Cameron, William, better known as "Buck" Tyler, a negro, arrived in this city last night. Fifty citizens were on the trail of the negro from midnight to daylight to wreak vengeance for the attepmted murder of John Reed at 11 o'clock Monday night. The negro was compelled to wade streams and seek refuge in the mountain thickets to prevent lynching.

"Buck" Spindler, a negro, had been caught hidden in the Eagles' lodge room at Cameron. He was almost beaten to death and ordered out of the city. Indignation ran high and all negroes were ordered out of town.

Monday evening Tyler, who was employed as porter at the Main hotel, resented a remark of Reed's in front of Heinerman's saloon and the latter knocked him down. A few hours later the negro passed Reed on the street and Tyler made a suspicious move toward his pocket. Reed knocked him down and the negro fired, the bullet grazing Reed's neck. All the negro population have left save three, who are in hiding.

AT THE WHEELING MILLS.

Men are Being Imported from Pittsburg.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 5.—Seventeen men were brought to the Whitaker plant by the Whitaker-Glessner Company by the Baltimore & Ohio railroad from Pittsburg Tuesday, but only twelve succeeded in landing behind the garrisoned fence. Six men were discharged and sent home last night.

Amalgamated headquarters at Pittsburg informed the local officials that a body of men was en route, but they were expected to arrive over the Wabash railroad. An injunction is being prepared by the company.

It was reported that the Cleveland & Pittsburg brought a large number of men to the Laughlin mill last night.

STAY OF EXECUTION.

Mrs. Chadwick's Trip to the Penitentiary Postponed.

Cincinnati, April 5.—A stay in the execution of the sentence of Mrs. Chadwick was granted by the United States circuit court of appeals here today until further order of the court This is understood to cover the hearing of the writ of error which Judge Wing, counsel for Mrs Chadwick, hopes to present some time in May.

One Way Settlers Fares to South and Southeast

One way excursion tickets to points in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia, account Settlers' Excursions, will be sold from all ticket stations on the Pennsylvania Lines, during January, February, March and April. For particulars consult local ticket agent of those lines.

SPECIAL LOW RATES.

To all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia, March 1st to May 15th, 1905. Round Trip Homeseekers' Tickets on special days. Write at once for information and maps to Ira F. Schwegel, Traveling Agent, Wisconsin Central R'y, 407 Traction Bldg., Cincinnati, O.

PUT YOUR DOLLARS INTO GOOD PAINT.

It pays every time. Ordinary paint is dear at any price. Green Seal Liquid Paint is an investment. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Steese will leave on Thursday for Atlantic City

Cameron Miller, immigrant inspector at Detroit, returned to that city Wednesday after a visit with his family.

Mrs. John Larkin and daughter Maude have returned from a two weeks' visit with relatives in Toledo.

The condition of Frank Oliver became suddenly worse at the Mt. Airy hospital Tuesday night. The boy is now in a very critical condition. The attending nurses are not allowing him to see visitors.

The village of Columbiana will be one hundred years old on the 21st of August, next, and plans are being considered to properly celebrate the event. The town was laid out by Joshua Dixson on August 21, 1805.

Miss Mame Huffman has taken a position in the office of the Canton-Akron Railway Company at Canton. Miss Huffman is a sister of Mrs. Fred L. McEwen and makes her home at the latter's residence in Prospect street.

Mrs. John Clemens was standing on a chair at her home in Third street, Tuesday afternoon, when she slipped and fell to the floor, bursting a blood vessel. She was alone in the house at the time and lay on the floor for two hours before she was found by a neighbor. On Wednesday she had partly recovered from the accident.

At a meeting of the directors of the Stark county workhouse, Tuesday, it was decided to extend the time for the brush contract until November 1, as there was nothing else in sight to give employment to the men in the works. It was not desired to have them idle during the summer. The bills were allowed and some matters of minor importance attended to.

The funeral of the late Christian Giltz, held Tuesday afternoon from the late home in West Main street, was attended by over one hundred of the friends of the family. The pall bearers were: George Giltz, William Schrock, Fred Wampler, Christian Huff and Fred Leonard. The Rev. L. H. Burry and the Rev. Luther Coffman had charge of the services. Interment was made in the Massillon cemetery.

The Sunshine Birthday club met at the home of Mrs. John Moseman, in Washington avenue, Tuesday evening, and presented Mrs. Moseman with a handsome leather upholstered rocking chair in honor of her birthday anniversary. After the presentation progressive euchre was played at three tables. Prizes were won by Mrs William Roseman and Mrs. William Graybill. Refreshments were served after the game.

The Ohio section of the United States weather bureau's bulletin for March is as follows: Weather very mild; rainfall deficient; very favorable for wheat, condition of which is generally promising; rye good; meadows starting well; peach buds considerably winter killed in places; farm work well advanced; plowing and oat seeding begun, except in northeast; some tobacco beds made; few potatoes planted in southwest portion.

The assessors of Stark county called at the auditor's office yesterday and secured their supplies. They held a meeting and agreed upon a general basis for valuations. Good horses are to be taken at $150 to $175, with a sliding scale for animals of three years and younger. Stock horses go on the list at from $200 to $500, according to condition, age and pedigree; cows $30 to $50; sheep $4 to $6 for the best, and from $1 to $3 for the poorer grades; hogs from 2 to 3½ cents per pound; cattle from 3 to 4 cents. Grain prices were fixed at a little less than the market price; wool at 20 to 30 cents and potatoes at 10 to 15 cents per bushel, as at this season of the year they are very perishable.—Canton Morning News.

NOT A CANDIDATE.

P. P. Kirchhofer Not to Run for City Treasurer.

P. P. Kirchhofer, the present city treasurer, whose term of office will expire in December, has decided not to permit the use of his name as a candidate for renomination on the Democratic ticket. He gives as his reason that the duties of his personal business affairs will not pemrit him to give the time required to do the work. Mr. Kirchhofer, although a Democrat, has been elected repeatedly to the office of city treasurer when the city otherwise went Republican.

The announcement comes as a surprise to many, who had felt assured that Mr. Kirchhofer would again be the candidate for his party. No one has yet been suggested for the place by the Democrats. J. J. Klotz and Martin Brenner are seeking the nomination on the Republican ticket.

The office of city treasurer carries with it the office of treasurer of the board of education. This is a requirement in cities and is governed by a state law.

THE THOUSANDS OF GALLONS Of Green Seal Paint sold every year merely attests its worthiness, as a paint for all practical purposes. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

NEARBY TOWNS.

JUSTUS.

Justus, April 5.—The Bunker Hill Company will put up their telephone wires from Justus to Navarre next Monday.

Dr. McFarren and his son Clyde visited the former's father on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Fearl have moved to the Robert Bashfert place.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert McFarren were the guests of Oliver Phoutz Sunday evening.

Elton Warstler has moved to the farm of Mrs. John Poor.

A. F. Krichbaum was the guest of J. B. McFarren on Sunday.

Will Penman and family were guests at J. B. McFarren's on Sunday.

Mrs. A. O. McFarren and Mrs. J. B. McFarren went to Akron on Saturday to visit George Shisler.

Mrs. Thomas Butler, of Akron, was the guest of friends at Justus on Saturday.

NEWMAN.

Newman, April 5.—Mrs. Barbara Dehoff has recovered after a severe attack of the grip.

Miss Gwynnie Rummins now holds a position with the Massillon branch of the American Tea Company.

The local school election for a director will be held in the school house next Monday evening, April 10.

Evangelist Will Pugsley, of Canada, who is holding a series of meetings at the Massillon Baptist church, will preach in our local church Sunday afternoon, April 9. Everybody invited to attend.

William Rummins has purchased the Permelia Kitchen home, near Forty Corners school house, from George W. Kratsch, administrator, for the consideration of $410, and will take possession on Thursday of this week.

Miss Mary Griffith is much improved from an attack of inflammation that had her on the sick list for the past ten days.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Evans made a business trip to Canton last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Harrold returned to their Massillon home Sunday evening, after a ten days' visit with their friends, Mr. Harrold being somewhat improved in health after inhaling the pure atmosphere of Newman.

Miss Mary Williams and Mrs. Mary Redman, of Canal Fulton, spent Sunday with their Newman friends.

Don't forget the box social at A. C. Miller's hall Wednesday evening, given by the young ladies of our Sunday school, proceeds to go towards the repairing of the local church. All are invited.

Thomas J. Morgan attended a meeting of Cleveland and Massillon coal mining companies last Monday at Cleveland and was accompanied by the Hon. John P. Jones, of North Lawrence, who is the general manager of the Buddy mine, on the Gesaman farm.

The entertainment given in the Forty Corners school house last Friday evening was well attended, a large and attentive audience being present. A fine programme, under the direct supervision of C. E. Freed, of Wilmot, teacher of the school, was well rendered.

Edward R. Davis, of Massillon, who is taking a course in civil engineering at the Ohio State university, spent part of his one week's vacation with his many Newman friends and former schoolmates.

Miss Lottie Roderick, of Massillon, has completed her musical course at the Dennison university at Granville ard visited her many Newman friends part of last week. While here she entertained her country relatives and friends with choice music, vocal and instrumental, in which she is fast proving herself proficient.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Copenhaver, of Pigeon Run, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hornberger.

Miss Emma Prosser, who had an attack of typhoid fever at Pittsburg, arrived home Sunday to recuperate with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Prosser.

BENTLEY.

Bentley, April 5.—An Easter exercise will be held at this place Sunday evening, April 23.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Oberlin visited at B. C. Shilling's on Sunday.

The Misses Elma, Lura, Mary and Nina Oberlin and Bessie Heims and Nellie Snavely spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Smith, near Elton.

Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Snavely were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Erb Sunday.

Miss Ella Harig, of Beech Grove, is assisting Mrs. J. S. Rudy with her housework.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Graber spent several days in our village last week circulating among friends.

Nellie Snavely visited her cousin, Mrs. Wolfe, at Massillon, Saturday afternoon and evening.

Miss Mary Steele, of Tiffin, is spending a week at this place.

The Misses Elma and Lura Oberlin and Bessie Heims, and Frank Heims and Perlee Shilling spent Sunday evening at G. R. Snavely's residence.

Clarence Erb spent Sunday with John Snavely.

The neighbors were sorry to see Miss Jennie Cully leave for West Brookfield Monday morning, where she will make her home. We all feel that we have lost a good neighbor.

Mrs. David Shorb, who has been sick for some time, is a little better at this writing.

Fred Harig has moved on R. A. Pinn's farm.

Mrs. Charles Neasle and Bessie Heims spent Tuesday evening at G. R. Snavely s.

Mrs. W. F. Christman, of Massillon, visited friends here Wednesday.

Mrs. William Levers spent Wednesday afternoon with her daughter, Mrs. Edward Fiscus.

WILMOT.

Wilmot, April 4.—Daniel Leyman and family, who resided on the Kanage farm the past few years, moved to the Fetrow place, near Beach City, last Thursday. Mr. Leyman has lately purchased this farm.

Mrs. J. F. Thompson and son Harry, of Massillon, are visiting friends and relatives here this week.

H. H. Ruegsegger and family moved to their new home, near Chestnut Ridge school house, on Monday.

Mrs. Elizabeth Zurcher and daughter Amelia, of Canton, spent Sunday with J. P. Zurcher and family here.

Homer Johnston, of Bellevue, O., visited his grandmother, Mrs. William Johnston, and family, the past week.

Seth Ellis and nephew, Russell Ellis, visited the former's sister, Mrs. Alice M. Snyder, at Akron, last Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Theodore Heid, of Canal Dover, is visiting at F. P. Kreiling's this week.

Grant Hott and family, of near Dundee, have moved on the Kanage farm.

NAVARRE.

Navarre, April 4.—Rutledge Ewing, of Berlin, Holmes county, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Warwick.

Alexander Uhl, who has been laid up with rheumatism for some time, was able to be at his place of business on Tuesday.

RHODES.

Rhodes, April 6.—Farmers are busy plowing for oats and corn.

About thirty-five friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Wefler on Monday evening and pleasantly surprised Miss Mamie Wefler. Games were played until a late hour, after which a bountiful lunch was served.

The mines are not working steadily.

William Wefler has a sick horse.

Miss Mamie Wefler has returned to Oberlin, after spending a week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Wefler.

The winter term of school will close April 14, after which Miss Zimmerman will have two weeks of school.

The carpenters are busy working at the new church. They expect to have it finished about May.

Arnold Cheney and family, of Dalton, have moved to the Henry H. Snyder farm.

Samuel Hornberger, who sustained a stroke of paralysis recently, is convalescent.

The Myers Sunday school will hold a social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Updegraff, near Pigeon Run, Thursday evening, April 6. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Miss Susie Walter is visiting relatives in Greentown.

There will be preaching services at this place next Sunday morning at 10:30 by the Rev. W. S. Adams.

Miss Nellie Obrecht is visiting her sister, Mrs. Joseph Burger, of Manchester.

CRYSTAL SPRING.

Crystal Spring, April 6.—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Rohr, of Massillon, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Crookston at this place.

Miss Jennie Sharp, of Crystal Spring, and Miss Grace Moore, of Massillon, visited friends Sunday in Canal Fulton

William Molson returned Tuesday to Pleasant City after a week's stay with his parents in our village. "Red's" many friends here are always glad to meet him at his home.

Peter Miesmer, jr., arrived at home last Thursday from a three days' tour through Guernsey county.

The Misses Grace Putman and Clara Fierstos enjoyed Sunday with their parents at Wilmot and Canton, respectively.

Two interesting meetings of the Twentieth Century euchre club were recently held at the homes of John Schalmo and Philip C. Rohr. Before adjourning refreshments and lunch were served.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Young, jr., pleasantly entertained a number of invited guests Monday night at their home, one-half mile north of town, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Haer, who leave the latter part of the present week for Hamilton, Ont.

THE EARTHQUAKE AT LAHORE.

Inhabitants Buried in Ruins of Their Homes.

Lahore, India, April 5.—The Hall station at Dharmsala was razed by the earthquakes. The native quarter was entirely obliterated, and many of the inhabitants were buried in the ruins. In the European quarter nine persons were killed. They were Mrs. Robinson, wife of the commander of the troops, her two daughters, Mrs. Holderness, Captain Muscroft and four members of the Indian civil service.

GRAND AND PETIT JURIES.

Names Drawn for May Term of Common Pleas Court.

Clerk Wise and Sheriff McKinney yesterday drew the jurors for the term of court which begins May 1, as follows:

Grand jury—Leander G. Reifsnyder, Canton; Joseph Folk, Nimishillen township; Michael Zintsmaster, Bethlehem township; William B. Kreighbaum, Lake township; A. G. Damon, Marlboro township; Frank H. Killinger, Perry township; J. W. Cameron, Massillon; Benjamin Baughman, Sugarcreek township; Thomas Clear, Paris township; F. Frank Williams, Sandy township; Samuel Graber, Tuscarawas township; Walter Miller, Lexington township; G. R. Gyger, Alliance; L. M. Lease, Osnaburg township; Elias Lesher, Nimishillen township.

Petit jury—John Dahinden, Canton; Benjamin Bechtel, Massillon; William Wefler, Tuscarawas township; Ray Kayler, Alliance; Mahlon Snively, Perry township; Christian Gerber, Canton; T. E. Booth, Paris township; D. B. Wilson, Canton; Jeremiah Steiner, Pike township; E. M. Wagener, Canton; Louis Mathie, Lawrence township; Clarence Kagey, Osnaburg township; S. J. Williams, Alliance; Samuel Hayman, Paris township; W. W. Pumphrey, Canton; Jefferson Blair, Plain township; John W. Howenstine, Pike township.

NO SUNDAY FUNERALS.

Youngstown Ministers Will Decline to Officiate.

The Youngstown Vindicator says: It is probable that after the 1st of May Sunday funerals will be a thing of the past in Youngstown—at least a resolution to that effect was introduced at a regular meeting of the Ministerial Association held this morning. The matter was discussed at a recent meeting and a committee headed by the Rev. E. O. Buxton named to investigate the matter, that reverend gentleman submitting the following report:

"I would recommend that we decline to officiate at Sunday funerals after May 1, 1905, with the following three exceptions: First, where highly contagious diseases require speedy interment; second, where the arrival or departure of trains conveying the body would cause great inconvenience; third, where the condition of the body prevents the use of preservatives."

It was the Rev. Mr. Hudnut's opinion that resolutions embodying the above be drafted and presented for signature to every minister in the city, a report to be made at the next meeting. It is altogether likely that every clergyman will agree in this matter.

Obituary.

Mrs. Sarah Miller, born at East Greenville, O., 1849, died at 8 Short East street, Massillon, O., March 26, 1905, aged 56 years and 9 months. Interment was made in the Massillon cemetery.

PEACE IN A MONTH.

Strong Pressure Brought to Bear on the Czar.

Berlin, April 5.—The Associated Press is informed that the German embassy at St. Petersburg regards peace at an early date as probable It says the emperor is still for war, feeling that his reign will be a failure if the war fails, but all the grand dukes and all members of the court favor peace. It is thought the emperor must yield to them within the month.

MONEY FOR UNIVERSITY.

San Francisco, April 5.—It now appears that the Stanford university will receive not less than $3,875,000 from the estate of Mrs. Stanford.

The Pulpit Buffoon.

Sir William Dugdale applied the name "pulpit buffoon" to Hugh Peters (1598-1660), the joke loving Puritan clergyman, whose pulpit peculiarities made him a notable figure during the English civil war, when he held the post of chaplain to the parliamentary army. Peters was a born jester, and the pulpit set no bar to his broad humor and pungent witticisms—not always in the best taste, as, for example, when turning the hourglass while preaching a long sermon he said, "Now, my friends, let us have another glass." His pulpit appeals were very effective in winning recruits to the parliamentary army, and when a town was to be taken by assault the storming parties were first stimulated to the task by a rousing sermon from their chaplain.

Not In the Pugilistic Line.

Bull—Yes, Miss Lang mentioned to me last night that she knew you. By the way, I never knew before that you were a pugilist. Cadley—I a pugilist? Bull—Yes; she told me you were a "lightweight."—Philadelphia Press.

Teaching the Young Idea.

Young Crow—Of course I'm anxious to see the world. Old Crow—Well, you'll find lots of things in it that don't belong to you. Help yourself!—New York Press.

Need Never Reproach Himself.

"What word did her father send after he had found out about your elopement?"

"Oh, he wrote me a very kind letter, saying he was glad we'd taken that course, as it relieved him of the necessity of giving his consent and having it on his mind all the rest of his life."—Chicago Record-Herald.

THE GREEN SEAL PAINTS Stand thinning with pure Linseed Oil, and are therefore more economical than other paints. Read directions on every package. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

THE GREEN SEAL PAINT Withstands the wear and tear of the elements far better than paint made by the old process of mixing by hand. Pigments and Liquids are thoroughly incorporated, thus assuring a finer and more durable product. For sale by Hawk Hardware Co.

HEALTH is the Most Important

The manufacturers of Royal Baking Powder have had 40 years of scientific experience.

Every method of bread-and-cake raising has been exhaustively studied in this country and abroad.

The result is a perfect product in Royal Baking Powder. There is no substitute for it. The purity and efficiency of Royal Baking Powder have been commended by the highest authorities of the world.

These facts mean two important things to all housekeepers:

First: that Royal Baking Powder is healthful and makes wholesome food.

Second: that Royal Baking Powder makes food good to taste.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MURDERERS HANGED.

Nashville, April 5.—Andrew Hibbett and James Scudder were hanged together in the jail yard here today. Scudder killed his three-year-old son, and Hibbett killed his wife's mother.

Ysaye reserved seat ticket sale opened tomorrow morning, Bahney's book store.

THE IDEAL CO.

Special While They Last!

An Odd Lot of

Sateen Petticoats.

Were considered a bargain at 50 cents,

Your Choice 25 Cents.

These will be on sale tomorrow morning at our

Down Town Store, = Second Floor.

Ask to see our line of Shirt Waist Suits of Changeable Taffetas at $9.98.

THE BeeHive

Only a few left of those $5.00 Covert Jackets we are closing out at $3.50.

The Newest Cravenette Coats.

Large Showing of Latest Effects at Little Prices.

THERE'S a deal of style in this season's Rain Coats. The designers have given them a degree of attractiveness which had not been thought possible, and so they are worn by stylish dressers on sunshiny days as well as on wet days and with most excellent effect.

If you want to see what is newest in style, let us show you some of the late arrivals. Just a word of two leading lines:—

Oxford Cravenette Rain Coats, cut in latest styles; splendid quality and in all sizes at $9 98

Cravenette Coats, sizes for ladies and misses; come in tan and olive; made with large full sleeves; some of them in plaited styles, others shirred and similar to the illustration, at $15 00

Two Special Suit Offerings.

A lot of about twenty Ladies' Tailor Made Suits, various good styles from lines which sold at $10.00 to $12.50 Marked down now to close out, special at $3 98

An assortment Tailor Made Suits made of cheviots, broadcloths and mixed materials, Eton blouse styles. Suits worth $15.00 to $20.00, offered special at $7 50

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RELIGION IN TRADE

Dr. Washington Gladden Says That Is Crying Need of the Hour.

SELFISHNESS IS CONDEMNED

Christianization of Great Realm of Industry and Traffic Is the Most Urgent Problem Confronting Church and College.

Columbus, O., April 3.—The Rev. Dr. Washington Gladden, moderator of the general council of Congregational churches, preaching at the First Congregational church upon "The Christian of Today," said:

"The Christian of today is beginning to get a new idea of what it means to carry his religion into his business; he has found out that it signifies an earnest effort to make his business not only a means of gain but an instrumentality of help and service to all his fellow men.

"Andrew Carnegie said some years ago, for instance, that a man may be as selfish as he pleases in his accumulation of a fortune if he will only be benevolent in the distribution of the fortune after it is made.

"That is not the best theory of the business man's responsibility. His greatest opportunities of benevolence are those which come to him in his business. It is while he is making his fortune, not after it is made, that he must prove himself a Christian.

"Gifts, no matter how munificent, which have been heaped up by extortion and trickery, are not Christian benefactions.

"Some of the most gigantic robbers that the world has ever known, men who have accumulated hundreds of millions by wicked methods, are by some persons praised and flattered for their liberal gifts to churches and colleges and missions. Such an estimate does not represent the Christian of today.

"The Christian of today distinctly sees that the Christianization of the great realm of industry and traffic is the most urgent problem now before them. It is a tremendous undertaking, but not too arduous for the all conquering grace of Him who has banished infanticide, abolished slavery and lifted woman to an equality with men.

"The state is just as truly a divine institution as the church is, and the governor, the mayor, the superintendent of police, the member of the legislature, or the city council or the school board, is just as much a minister and servant of God as I am.

"I have just as good a right to use my opportunity here in this church to enrich myself or to push my personal ambitions as they have; if the scandal in the case of a pastor would be greater than in that of a public servant it is only because or notions about the service of the state have been terribly perverted."

NO COAL STRIKE LIKELY.

Central Pennsylvania Operators Decide to Sign Scale.

Philadelphia, April 3.—Danger of a strike on the part of some 45,000 soft coal miners of Central Pennsylvania has been removed by the operators at a conference here, at which it was agreed to settle the wage scale at a meeting with representatives of the United Mine Workers at Altoona tomorrow. From the beginning the operators were anxious to avoid a strike and the session here brought out that they desired to use every means to avoid trouble.

Though there was nothing official given out as to the scale plans, it was stated by some of those present that there could be little doubt but that the present scale will be renewed on the present basis of 62 cents per ton.

The meeting at the Walton was presided over by James Kerr. Forty-eight companies were represented, in all standing for a tonnage of 18,000,000.

Johnstown, Pa., April 3.—The decision of the bituminous coal operators to sign the scale of wages for the year ending March 31, 1906, has been received by the miners in the Central Pennsylvania district with rejoicing. As it was found impossible to get the increase they asked at the recent conference in Altoona, when a reduction in the scale was desired by the latter, the miners consider they have won a victory.

MADE THREAT GOOD.

Girl Stabs Young Man to Heart With Knife and Flees.

Lancaster, Pa., April 3.—Ralph W. Kline, age 26, an artist, was fatally stabbed by Jennie Good, age 18. Kline and Miss Good were members of a party who were fishing in the Little Conestoga near Long Park.

Kline and the girl had a quarrel, during which Miss Good threatened to cut out his heart. Thinking that she would not execute her threat, Kline threw out his chest and told her to stab. She did, plunging a knife into his breast near the heart. He is at a hospital unconscious. The girl fled and has not yet been arrested.

Oberlin Professor Dead.

Oberlin, O., April 3.—Albert A. Wright, professor of geology and zoology at Oberlin college, is dead as the result of a paralytic stroke, age 59 years. Prof. Wright was a native of Oberlin and a graduate of Oberlin college.

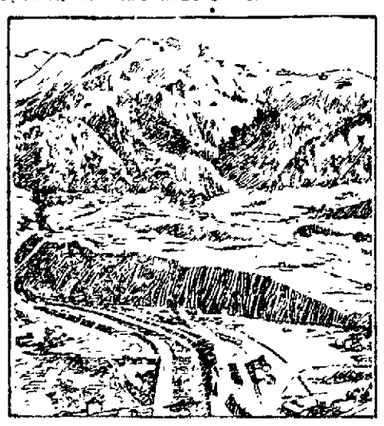
several papers refer to the Associated Press dispatches which have been retelegraphed from New York, laying special stress on the statement that the negotiations were originated by Russia, but avoiding any extensive editorial comment.

London, April 3.—The correspondent at Tokio of the Times says: "Reports from Manchuria show that the Russians are destroying the railway much more thoroughly than hitherto. The evident inference is that they do not contemplate recovering the situation."

TRAINS PASS SIMPLON.

One from Each Side Meet in Middle of Great Cavern.

Rome, April 3.—The Simplon tunnel, the longest in the world, was inaugurated, when from the Swiss and Italian sides, the first trains passed through, meeting at the center, where there was the iron door which originally prevented the overflow of a torrent of hot water and which was opened for the first time.



ITALIAN ENTRANCE TO TUNNEL.

The weather at the entrance to the tunnel was springlike, though the surrounding mountains were covered with snow; but once inside, the temperature became very high. Engineer Brandau, who had directed the work on the tunnel, conducted the Italian train, while part of the way was lighted by miners with lanterns. The train from the Italian end was the first to reach the iron door, but a little later the train from the Swiss end was heard on the other side of the door.

There was a brief time spent in communicating through the door by means of hammering and finally the door was knocked down amidst frantic applause and cries of "Long live Switzerland!" and "Long live Italy!" Bands played the Italian royal march and the Swiss anthem and the two parties embraced and kissed each other.

DEATH FOR INSULT.

Cleveland Man Shoots Two for Slighting Remarks to His Wife.

Cleveland, April 3.—Because of an alleged insult to his wife, while he was temporarily absent from her side last night, William Hill of 620 Sterling avenue shot and instantly killed Ralph M. Lewis, a painter, of No. 61 Forest street. He also shot and it is believed fatally wounded James H. Huff, a shoe shiner, of No. 43 Forest street.

The shooting took place while Hill and his wife were boarding a street car. According to the police report, Huff and Lewis had made slighting remarks to Mrs. Hill while she was in a restaurant. When her husband returned the couple went to take a street car home, when Hill, it is alleged, pulled a pistol from his pocket and immediately fired upon the two men. There was a great deal of excitement, as the car was filled with passengers, most of whom were women. Huff received a bullet wound in the head and is at the hospital. Hill walked to central police station to tell what had happened and was placed under arrest.

RIOTING AT WARSAW.

Two Persons Killed and 40 Wounded in Clash With Troops.

Warsaw, April 3.—A serious conflict occurred last night in Dzika street, where a Jewish socialist society known as the Bund had organized a demonstration. The troops which came to disperse the gathering fired into the crowd, killing four persands and wounding 40 others. Other disturbances are reported to have occurred. The streets had been patrolled throughout the day, the authorities having anticipated trouble.

Conditions here are causing much uneasiness and nervousness. Hand printed proclamations have been found in the streets warning the public against walking near government buildings and other places, as bombs would be thrown in these quarters. Several parents whose children are attending school in defiance of the school strike have been warned by letter to withdraw their children, as the school buildings would be blown up.

LIVES IN FEAR OF DEATH.

Richest Woman in the World Surrounds Herself With Detectives.

New York, April 3.—Mrs. Annie M. Weightman Walker, the richest woman in the world, is said to be living in fear of poison and has surrounded herself with detectives to foil any efforts of her enemies to reach her.

Mrs. Walker is, according to the stories that are being told, more unhappy than she ever was in her life over the efforts to break the will of her father, which made her so enormously wealthy. She is living in one of the most magnificent suites in the Hotel Renaissance. The entrance to her apartments is said to be constantly watched by detectives.

Chinese Coolies Learn to Strike.

Johannesburg, April 3.—There has been a serious disturbance near Krugersdorp arising out of a strike of Chinese miners.

JAPS REACHING OUT

Leave Thin Line in Front of Linevitch and Undertake Vast Coup.

MOVE TOWARD VLADIVOSTOK

Two Parties Return After Long Raid Around Russian Flanks, Having Lost Half Their Number — Penetrated Mistchenko's Lines and Cut Railway.

Gunshu Pass (108 miles north of Tie pass), April 3.—The situation here is unchanged. General Mistchenko has moved forward into close touch with the Japanese and keeps up constant skirmishing.

General Mistchenko, when he learned of the beginning of the panic during the retreat from Mukden, though an unhealed wound forbade his walking, drove in a carriage to his force and assumed command, which he has since retained, though he is unable to ride over the deeply mired roads, which are beginning to dry.

Native reports, which may be taken for what they are worth, state that the Japanese are leaving before the Russian front only a screen capable, with the help of the Mukden and Tie pass fortifications and garrisons, of holding in check General Linevitch, and are transferring the bulk of their five armies to Vladivostok to begin a wide movement through Mongolia to Tsitsihar. Considering the great distances involved, the plan appears too bold and almost impracticable, but Japanese intoxication from continued success, bold initiative and determined perseverance must be regarded. The situation affords an opportunity for Russian cavalry, which thus far has played an insignificant role, to distinguish itself by ascertaining the Japanese intentions.

Linevitch Resumes Drilling.

General Linevitch has ordered the resumption of drills, keeping the soldiers occupied, and music in the bivouacs at night. An energetic regime is being instituted. The soldiers are much attached to the new commander on account of his simple, soldierly style of living.

Tokio, April 3.—The following official advices have been received from army headquarters in Manchuria:

"Our scouts advanced toward Hailung and collided with 300 of the enemy's cavalry at Shauciengtzu, 30 miles southwest of Seilung, on the morning of March 28. The enemy, 4,011 men strong, retreated to Hailung, leaving 2,000 troopers. There are large stores of cereals at various points between Yingecheng and Sanchengtzu. Yingecheng is 35 miles north of Piengcheng.

"The situation is unchanged in the Changchun and Kirin directions."

With General Kuroki's Army in the Field, via Fusan, April 3.—Two detachments of Japanese cavalry have returned to the army after the most extensive and dangerous scouting exploit of the war. The detachments were sent north early in January under the leadership of Colonel Naganuma and Major Sasegawa and numbered each 150 men. Only 100 men of each detachment returned. They explored the Russian positions west of Mukden. They encountered and eluded many forces of Russian cavalry and penetrated General Mistchenko's lines. Then going northward, they crossed the railroad, cutting the road and the telegraph line during the battle. Afterward they visited Kirin and explored that place and finally returned to the army north of Kaiyuan.

German Emperor's Speech.

St. Petersburg, April 3.—Emperor William's speech at Tangier and prospective developments therefrom engross the attention of the Russian newspapers almost to the exclusion of peace discussions. Her treaty relations with France and the friendly attitude of Germany during the war place Russia in an awkward position. Nevertheless, the difficulties of floating farther loans in France and the absence of assistance on which unofficial Russia, at least, had vaguely counted, incline the scales somewhat in favor of the western neighbor, whose benevolent neutrality and frontier pledge enabled Russia to place in the field a Manchurian army so well supplied with artillery.

Decided pleasure is also expressed at the rocks encountered by the new Anglo-French entente. The Russ terms the visit of the German emperor to Tangier a demonstration against the entente and points out that refusal of Emperor William to recognize French pretensions must deeply impress the Moroccans to the disadvantage of both France and Great Britian.

New Grouping of Powers.

"Unexpectedly," the Russ says, "a grouping of powers in West Europe has begun and perhaps we are on the eve of great developments in internal events."

The Novosti sees in the German emperor's supposed pleasure trips to Jerusalem, Constantinople and Tangier a fixed plan to uphold Turkey in Morocco and create "a Mussulman peril" which is Germany's answer to Great Britain "yellow peril." The paper expresses the belief that it will result in strengthening the bond between Great Britain and France, the embitterment of the feeling between France and Germany and increased armaments, but that there is no possibility of war, since Berlin fully comprehends the madness of a conflict with Great Britain and France allied.

In the discussion of peace prospects

WELCOME TO LOUISVILLE.

President to Receive Hearty Greeting There Tomorrow.

Louisville, April 3.—The local committee, headed by the Hon. Logan C. Murray, in charge of the reception to President Roosevelt tomorrow, has decided to make his short stay in this city not only a typical Kentucky welcome but a reception representative of both north and south in a state bordering as it does both sections of the country.

The military feature has been eliminated and beyond the one camp of Confederate veterans, the two posts of Grand Army men, the Spanish War Veterans' association and representatives of the Loyal Legion, the procession which will escort the president during his three hours' stay in the city will be composed of representative citizens of Louisville, men of the north and of the south, and a few invited guests from the state at large.

The route from the point of arrival is in Third street to Broadway, thence to Fourth, where 1,200 pupils of the boys' and girls' high schools will welcome the president with song. After the Grand Army posts, a camp of Confederate veterans and the Spanish war veterans fall in line, the procession will continue through the retail business district to the court house. Governor Beckham will introduce the president. After speaking the parade will proceed over a short route in the business district.

Before the president takes his departure he will be presented with three gifts intended as souvenirs of his visit, but nevertheless of a historical character. One is a silver flagon filled with water from the spring on the farm in Larue county on which Abraham Lincoln was born. On the flagon is a monogram comprising the letters "T. R." Another piece is a large silver vase on which is engraved "Louisville, Ky., April 4, 1905." The third gift is a unique piece in the shape of an inkstand. It was made from an oak tree which grew near the spring on the old Lincoln homestead. The ink holder is of silver sunk into the wood.

PRESIDENT TAKES TRIP.

Will Be Absent From Washington for Nearly Two Months.

Washington, April 3. — President Roosevelt left Washington this morning on a long trip to the west and southwest. He will be absent from the capital for nearly two months. One of the chief objects of the trip, which the president long has had in mind, is the reunion of his Rough Rider regiment of the Spanish-American war, which is to take place at San Antonio, Texas, next Friday, and for which an elaborate program of exercises has been arranged. There will be a number of brief stops en route to San Antonio, where the president will make make addresses. Leaving San Antonio there will be a brief stop and address at Fort Worth, which will terminate the public part of the trip, following which the president is to go hunting in the Panhandle of Texas and later in Colorado. All arrangements have been made whereby the president will keep in touch with affairs both during his railroad ride and while hunting, so that he will be enabled to pass on all matters requiring his attention. The president is looking forward with keen pleasure to his long vacation.

Among the places where the president will stop and make addresses while en route are Louisville, St. Louis, Sherman, Tex., Dallas, Waco, Austin and San Antonio.

MUST STAND THE TEST.

Order Issued That All Anthracite Miners Must Be Re-Examined.

Scranton, Pa., April 3.—Chief Roderick of the bureau of mines has ordered a re-examination of the anthracite miners to provide them with new certificates. Chief Roderick complained to the inspectors of the increasing ratio of mine accidents per ton of coal mined as shown by the last annual reports. The inspectors replied that it was not their fault and declared that the blame lay in the fact that so many miners who are grossly incompetent are in possession of miners' state certificates and therefore entitled to work in the mines. This, coupled with the fact that there have been numerous disclosures of late of miners securing certificates by fraud, prompted the chief to order that all miners must undergo a new examination.

Inspector Moore of the first district, whose residence is in Carbondale, has received instructions to proceed at once to have the miners' examining boards conduct the examinations. The questions will be prepared by Chief Roderick himself and they will, it is said, insure a thorough examination.

WATCH CAUSES WRECK.

30 Minutes Slow, Four Men Are Killed in Consequence.

Branchville, S. C., April 3.—As a result of a wreck on the Southern railway, near Badham, a small lumber station, four persons are dead. The through freight train from Columbia to Charleston and the fast passenger train from Charleston to Columbia collided during a dense fog. It is asserted that Freight Engineer Reed's watch was 30 minutes slow, and that this was the cause.

The dead are Thomas Conlin, engineer on passenger train ——— Stoker, white brakeman Adams and Stephens, negro brakeman. Passenger Engineer Arthur Reed was fatally injured.

Gives $100,000 to Tract Society.

New York, April 3.—Ralph Voorhees of New Jersey has donated $100,000 to the American Tract society.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect it.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What To Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention this paper and don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.

Home of Swamp-Root.

One dollar to Cleveland and return every Sunday via. W. & L. E. through train with parlor car, leaves 6:30 a. m.

THE SOUTHWEST.

A GRAND COUNTRY FOR HOMESEEKERS AND INVESTORS.

EXCURSION RATES TWICE A MONTH

Southeast Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas offer the greatest inducements for persons desiring to own their homes.

Cheap land, producing almost anything that can be grown anywhere, mild climate, good schools, good water, healthful surroundings, and a growing country are some of the advantages.

First and third Tuesdays of each month we sell Homeseekers, tickets at one fare, plus $2. for the round trip.

April 4th and 8th special low round trip rates—less than one way fare. Write for particulars

About the middle of June we will run a special train excursion of fruit and truck growers and others interested to the famous East Texas fruit country. This will afford an opportunity of seeing the gathering and marketing of the big fruit crop. Special low rate. Write for intinerary and cost of trip.

Literature descriptive of above country and information about rates will be mailed upon request.

L. O. SCHAEFER, T. P. A.,
Cotton Belt Route, Cincinnati, O.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co.
Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Come to THE INDEPENDENT office for your job printing.

TRAVELERS' REGISTER.

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div
Pennsylvania Lines.
Time Table of Passenger Trains-Cent'l Time

Westward.	23	9	15		41	31	403
	AM	AM	PM		AM	PM	AM
Pittsb'gh lv.	*3 15	*7 00	*6 30		†5 00	*3 55	11*30
Beaver Falls.. "	.....	8 03	7 26		6 23	2 37	12 21
Columbiana.. "	.....	.....	.....		7 43	3 40	.....
Leetonia..... "	.....	9 02	.....		7 52	3 46	†1 13
Salem ..... "	.....	9 15	8 33		8 08	4 00	1 25
Alliance... "	5 35	9 40	8 55		9 05	4 40	1 48
Maximo..... "	.....	.....	.....		9 17	4 55	.....
Louisville.. "	.....	.....	.....		9 26	5 07	.....
Canton..... "	6 07	10 11	9 27		9 38	5 24	2 19
Massillon... "		10 28	9 42		9 53	5 42	2 36
Lawrence... "	Sleeping and Dining Cars.	.....	.....		10 06	5 55	.....
BurtonCity "		.....	.....		10 11	6 00	.....
Orrville..... "		10 54	10 04		10 20	6 15	3 00
Smithville.. "		.....	.....		10 28	6 25	.....
Wooster..... "		11 12	10 22		10 36	6 35	3 15
Shreve..... "		.....	.....		10 52	6 55	.....
Big Prairie.. "		.....	.....		11 02	7 02	.....
Lakeville... "		.....	.....		11 10	7 10	.....
Loudonville.. "		.....	.....		11 24	7 22	3 43
Perrysville.. "		.....	.....		11 33	7 30	.....
Lucas..... "		.....	.....	35	11 45	7 46	.....
Mansfield.. "	8 00	12 16	11 24	PM	12 00	8 05	4 15
Crestline...ar.	8 43	12 45	11 50	†2 55	12 25	PM	†7 00
Bucyrus.....lv.	.....	1 08	12 13	3 17	PM		7 30
Lima..... "	10 24	2 38	1 40	5 05			9 28
Van Wert.. "	.....	3 20	2 22	5 55			10 16
Ft. Wayne ar.	11 50	4 10	3 15	7 00			11†25
Warsaw .....lv.	.....	5 23	4 29	8 27			1 18
Plymouth.. "	1 29	6 04	5 08	9 10			2 10
Valparaiso "	.....	7 11	6 08				3 35
Chicago....ar.	4 00	8 45	7 35				5 30
	PM	PM	AM	PM			PM

EASTWARD.	22	8	6	36	30			
LEAVE	PM	PM	PM	AM	AM			
Chicago...	*1 00	*3 00	11*45	.....	†7 30			
Valp'raiso	2 27	4 36	1 43	.....	9 20			
Plymouth.	3 29	5 40	3 00	†5 50	10 30			
Warsaw ...	4 06	6 18	3 53	6 34	11 15			
Ft. WAYNE ar.	5 10	7 40	5 15	7 50	12 30			
Van Wert...lv.	6 03	8 39	6 27	8 55	1 55			
Lima.....	6 49	9 30	7 21	9 41	2 51			
Bucyrus...	8 19	11 15	9 24	11 29	4 44	32	408	416
Crestline.	8 50	11 50	10 00	11 55	†5 25	AM	AM	PM
Mansfield..	9 13	12 15	10 27	AM	5 50	†6 00	12*30	3*40
Lucas.....	Sleeping and Dining Cars.	Sleeping Cars.	10 37		6 03	6 11	.....	.....
Perry'ville			10 48		6 15	6 24	.....	.....
Loudonv'le			10 57		6 24	6 31	.....	.....
Lakeville..			11 10		6 38	6 42	.....	.....
Big Prairie			11 14		6 42	6 45	.....	.....
Shreve.....			11 25		6 54	6 54	.....	.....
Wooster...	x....	1 15	11 41		7 10	7 12	1 29	4 34
Smithville	.....	.....	12 16		7 22	7 24	.....	.....
Orrville....	10 30	1 40	12 31		7 35	7 40	1 53	4 57
BurtonCity	.....	.....	12 36		7 41	7 46	..	
Lawrence..	.....	.....	12 42		7 47	7 51	.....	.....
Massillon..	10 52	2 06	12 57		8 03	8 06	2 17	5 16
Canton.....	11 10	2 27	1 16		8 23	8 24	2 38	5 37
Louisville.	.....	.....	1 29		k....	8 40	.....	.....
Maximo.....			k....		k....	8 53	.....	.....
ALLIANCE....	11 45	3 05	2 15		9 00	9 35	3 15	6 10
Salem.....	12 06	3 27	2 44			PM	10 06	3 38	6 30
Leetonia....	.....	.....	2 56				10 18	.....	.....
Col'mb'na	.....	.....	3 04				10 25	.....	.....
BeaverFalls	v	4 37	4 10				11 30	.....	7 27
ar. PITTSBURGH	2 15	5 50	5 30				1 00	5 55	8 30
	AM	AM	PM				PM	AM	PM

Train leaving Crestline at 7 00 a. m. for Chicago is No. 39. No. 24 leaves Chicago *7 30 p. m., Orrville 4 12 a. m., Canton *4 48 a. m., arrives Pittsburgh *7 45 a. m.

No. 405 leaves Alliance 10 55 p. m. daily, Canton 11 25 p. m., stops at Massillon, Orrville and Wooster on flag for passengers for Mansfield and points west. Arrives Mansfield 1 25 a. m.

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. vStops on notice to conductor to discharge passengers. kFlag stop to let off passengers from stations west of Canton and take on passengers for points east of Alliance. xFlag stop to let off passengers from west of Crestline.

No. 34 leaves Mansfield Sundays only 6 25 a. m.; arrives Pittsburgh 12 40 p. m.

Dark Face Type denotes time from 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light face, from 12 midnight to 12 noon.

At Orrville, connection is made with C., A. & C. Ry. train for Cleveland by **Nos. 6, 8, 24, 32, 36, 403** and **41** and for Columbus by **Nos. 6, 30, 15, 31, 32** and **41. Nos. 23, 15, 403** and **8** connect at Mansfield with trains over the Toledo Division for Tiffin and Toledo. **No. 6** connects at Alliance for Niles and Youngstown.

G. L. PECK, Gen'l Mgr. SAMUEL MOODY, Gen'l Pass'r Agt. E. A. FORD, Pass'r. Traffic Mgr.
2-7-05-C PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

C A & C
Cleveland Akron Columbus

Trains Run by Central Standard Time.

Southbound.	502	508	506	50
	a m	p m	p m	a m
CLEVELAND lv	*8 10	*1 30	9 00	
Hudson	9 08	1 35	9 5[illegible]	.....
AKRON .... { ar	9 35	2 03	10 15	*4 30
{ lv	9 51	x 20	10 30	4 47
Barberton..... ...	10 30	3 00	11 00	5 25
ORRVILLE..... { ar	10 50	3 00	11 0	5 25
{ lv	10 50	3 47	11 34	6 10
Millersburg.....	11 10	5 10	12 40	7 25
Mt. Vernon	12 30	*1 30	2 40	8 5
COLUMBUS. ..... ar	*1 30			
	pm	p m	p m	p m
Northbound	507	503	505	505
	a m	p m	p m	p m
COLUMBUS.... ..lv	*12 40	*3 15	*6 01	5 25
Mt. Vernon..... ..	2 10	4 48	27	7 00
Millersburg.....	3 20	10 06	5 43	8 20
ORRVILLE ..... { ar	4 05	5 5	6 3	9 12
{ lv	4 15	5 10	6 3	9 12
Barberton..	4 48	5 30	6 05	10 00
AKRON .. .. { ar	5 05	5 50	6 25	
{ lv	5 15	5 50	6 25	
Hudson	5 50	6 2	6 55	
CLEVELAND. ..ar	6 5[illegible]	* 2	8 50	
	p m	p m	p m	p m

Train for Warsaw, Fairway, Gainesville and intermediate stations on Dresden Branch leaves Millersburg, 11:10 a. m. week days every day. *Week days only.

For particulars see nearest C. A. & C. ticket agent or communicate with Geo. W. Weedon, District Passenger Agent Cleveland, O.

Wabash System W. & L. E. R. R.
time table in effect Jan. 8, 1905.

East Bound	2 daily	28 daily	20 daily	16 daily	4 daily
	P. M.	P. M.	EX SUN	P. M.	P. M.
Lv St. Louis....	9 05	8 30		12 30	
" Chicago.....	11 00	A. M.	P. M.	3 00	
" Toledo	A8 40	10 32	4 30	11 15	
" Fremont.....	9 51	11 57	5 50		
" Clyde.....	10 05	12 15	6 06		
" Bellevue.....	10 18	12 31	6 19		
" Monroeville	10 33	12 50	6 35		
" Norwalk.....	10 45	1 02	6 45	1 08	
" Orrville.....	12 30	3 03	9 08		
" Massillon...	12 58	3 37	9 47	3 08	12 25
" Navarre.....	1 10	3 50	No. 6		12 45
" Bowerston..		4 58	daily.		1
" Jewett.....	2 30	5 20	8 30		2 35
Ar Pittsburg...	4 30	7 55		6 35	4 30
" Steubenville	P. M.	7 20	10 05	A. M.	4 45
" Martins Fer.		6 55	9 50		3 55
" Wheeling...		7 05	10 00		4 05
		P. M.	A. M.		PM.

West Bound	8, daily	7 daily	15 daily	5 daily	19 daily
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wheeling...		6 25		12 50	
" Martins Fer.		6 35		1 00	
" Steubenville		6 25		12 35	
" Pittsburg...	6 00		12 30		7 30
" Jewett.....	8 25	8 15	2 30	2 35	
" Bowerston..	8 52	No 21		3 05	
" Navarre.....	10 05	EX SUN	3 50	4 20	
" Massillon...	10 19	6 33	4 03	4 40	10 50
" Orrville.....	10 57	7 14	4 33		
" Norwalk.....	12 58	9 10	6 27		1 00
" Monroeville	1 00	9 30	6 35		
" Bellevue.....	1 27	9 48	6 52		
" Clyde.....	1 48	10 05	7 05		
" Fremont.....	2 00	10 20	7 20		
Ar Toledo U. D.	3 30	11 45	8 40		2 40
" Chicago	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.		A 10 02
" St Louis.....	7 30		8 04		1 45
					P. M.

Cleveland Div. Going North all daily	31 A. M.	33 A. M.	35 P. M.	45 P. M.
Lv Massillon.....	6 30		12 25	8 37
" Navarre.....	6 55	10 08	3 00	4 25
" Canton.....	7 25	10 38	3 27	4 55
Ar Cleveland.....	9 40	12 45	5 20	7 10

Going South all daily	32 A. M.	34 A. M.	30 P. M.	46 P. M.
Lv Cleveland.....	7 00	10 05	5 45	4 00
Ar Canton.....	9 05	12 15	8 04	5 57
" Massillon.....	10 19		8 55	
Lv Navarre, south....	9 37			6 30
Ar Zanesville.....	12 10			9 00
	P. M.			

C. S. Crane, G. P. & T. A., Cleveland, O
S. A. Cunningham, Agent.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.
Time table effective Nov. 27, 1904

EAST Read Down.	†14 A M	†10 A M	*10 M	42 P M	844 P M
Cleveland.....		7 40	1 00	5 30	6 00
Liverpool		8 12		6 28	6 57
Lester.....		8 46		6 42	7 10
Medina.....		8 55		6 57	7 25
Seville		9 14		7 21	7 46
Sterling.....		9 20		7 29	7 58
Easton		9 32		7 41	8 05
Ar. Akron.....		10 35	2 10		
Lv Akron U. D.....	6 00	7 30	2 15		
Warwick.....	6 27	9 46	2 42	7 55	8 15
Canal Fulton.....	6 36	9 54	2 48	8 05	8 23
Massillon.....	6 58	10 15	3 07	8 25	8
Canal Dover.....	7 43	11 03	3 51		
N Philadelphia.....	7 56	11 10	3 57		
Uhrichsville.....	8 12	11 30	4 15		
Freeport.....	8 48	12 0	4 54		
Flushing	9 13	12 33	5 19		
Bridgeport.....	10 25	1 45	6 30		
		P			

WEST Read Up.	†1 A M	†11 A M	†17 P M	†15 P M	841 A M
Cleveland.....	8 50	11 5[illegible]	6 15	9 50	10 05
Liverpool	7 51		5 25		9 12
Lester.....	7 38		5 14		9 02
Medina.....	7 26		5 01		8 48
Seville.....	6 50		4 37		8 28
Sterling.....	6 43		4 31		8 17
Easton.....	6 40		4 18		8 05
Ar. Akron.....		10 35		8 38	
Lv Akron U D.....	8 40	10 35		8 36	8 4
Warwick.....	8 27	10 0[illegible]	4 07	7 55	7 55
Canal Fulton.....	8 18	9 48	4 01	7 48	7 42
Massillon.....	8 00	9 29	3 39	7 18	7 30
Canal Dover.....		8 42	2 55	6 31	
N Philadelphia.....		8 35	2 45	6 25	
Uhrichsville.....		8 12	2 29	6 07	
Freeport.....		7 40	1 56	5 29	
Flushing		7 16	1 29	4 57	
Bridgeport.....		6 15	12 20	8 40	

†22	†26			†21	†25
4 50	6 40	.....	Lorain.....	9 50	6 20
4 17	6 55	.....	Elyria.....	9 31	5 59
3 00	7 35	.....	Lester.....	8 50	5 10

Main Line	Read down †14 P M	*8 P M	†8 A M	Read up. †7 P M	*15 A M	*5 A M
Chicago	10 30	3 30	10 40	5 30	7 40	9 00
Chicago Jc.....	6 15	11 25	5 45	1 55	1120	1 50
Sterling	7 50		7 15	8 15	9 42	
Warwick.....	8 15	1 17	7 40	5 57	9 18	12 01
Akron.....	8 40	1 40	8 10	7 30

CANTON'S NEW PUBLIC LABRARY.

It Will be Formally Opened in Ten Days.

BUILDING IS TO BE FIREPROOF.

The Floors are Built on Concrete—Stairways and Railings are of Marble, Slate and Iron—Convenience of the Stack Room—Young People's Department.

Canton's new public library will be formally opened in ten days. The Canton Repository says:

The building was to have been thrown open to the public Monday morning but it has been determined to keep the doors closed until the formal opening, which will take place in ten days, according to Julius Whiting, of the board of trustees.

Changes in the plans, as announced last week, are due, it is said, to the fact that William S. Hawk, of New York, can be in Canton earlier than was expected. Mr. Hawk was in Mexico with the Phipps party, which returned to the United States on March 25.

No definite programme has been prepared for the opening. Remarks will probably be made by Mr. Hawk, Mayor Smith and members of the board of trustees. The committee to whom has been intrusted the arrangements for the affair consists of F. E. Case, Johnson Sherrick, George H. Clark, Julius Whiting and Miss Mary Martin, librarian.

Probably no building in Canton is more fireproof. In the erection of the library the expanded metal fireproofing construction was used, while the furniture is mainly of metal. The floors are built on concrete, in some places eight inches thick. Stairways and railings are of marble, slate and iron.

The library consists of two stories and a basement. It is built in Greek Ionic style, the exterior of Bedford limestone and gray Roman brick. Two massive fluted columns of stone 22 feet high and each weighing between seven and eight tons, adorn the entrance. Over the door is the inscription, "Open to All."

The vestibule is done in English vein and white Italian marble, which is also used for wainscoting throughout the building. The inner door of the vestibule opens into the rotunda. This, like the rest of the library, is decorated in old ivory and green, the latter color being used for the walls and the old ivory for the stucco work. The floor of the rotunda is of marble.

A large arch, supported by two Ionic columns in stucco and set with numerous electric lamps, marks the division between the rotunda and the stack room, where are kept the books for delivery. The delivery desk occupies a place directly under the arch. Like the tables in the various other rooms the desk is of metal, olive green in color, with a top of golden oak. Upon it is a beautiful electric lamp, especially designed by the architect, Guy Tliden. The light fixtures throughout are of brush brass and designed in harmony with the general architectural plan. A metalc atalogecase is placed near the delivery desk on the east side of the rotunda.

Built with a view to the growth of the library, the stack room occupies much of the building. It is so constructed that when the library outgrows the present stack capacity a glass floor can be built on the top of the stacks, or cases, making another floor that will hold as much as the one beneath and be easily reached by steps to be built along the south wall. Similarly a third and fourth stack floor can be installed. The third will be a part of the second floor of the building, while the fourth will be reached by steps from the third stack floor. As each stack floor has a capacity of about 12,000 books, an increase to 50,000 volumes can be taken care of with little inconvenience. A book lift runs from the basement to the top of the building, with doors for each of the stack floors, while each floor will also have its own windows.

The books in the stack room are contained in ten double and four wall metal cases. A skylight and thirteen windows furnish light for the room, the walls of which are faced with light buff brick. From the stack room access is gained to the librarian's room, the reading room, the rotunda and the reference room. The entrance from the stack room to the reading room will be for the use of the library attendants.

In the southwest corner is the private office of the librarian, Miss Mary Martin. The reading room occupies the rest of the west portion of the lower floor. This is lighted by ten large windows and contains six tables and a large metal magazine case. A beautiful white marble mantel is set in the west wall of the reading room, opposite the entrance from the rotunda. The mantel contains a brass tab et inscribed: "This building was erected with means donated by Andrew Carnegie, the site being presented by William W. Clark." Two small Ionic columns support the tablet. The mantel cost $700.

Across the rotunda on the east side of the building is the reference room, where are kept the books not issued to the public. In this room is kept the valuable library of the late Colonel John J. Young, donated to the public library by his daughters, Mrs. J. N. O'Neil and Mrs. James H. Odbert. The collection has never before been open to the inspection of the public.

A cloak room and lavatory are found at the bottom of the steps to the second floor. On this floor is the trustees' room and the young people's department, where books for patrons up to 14 years of age will be issued. This is not designed as a children's department but will contain the works of Henty, Tomlinson and other favorite boys' and girls' authors and authoresses.

The young people's department room is reached by crossing a balcony overlooking the rotunda. It is large and well lighted. Miss Lucy Crum will have charge of this department, while Miss Bertha Smith will be at the delivery desk downstairs.

In the northwest basement corner is a large room which is some day expected to be the library museum. Packing and store rooms are also in the basement.

JUDGE HAMILTON DEAD.

Occupied Bench in Common Pleas Court Twenty Years.

Cleveland, April 3.—Apparently recovering from a stroke of paralysis with which he was stricken January 20, 1904, Judge Edwin T. Hamilton was stricken a second time at his residence, 262 Bolton avenue, at 8:30 o'clock last night and died almost instantly. Dr. J. H. Lowman was hurriedly called, but Judge Hamilton was past all aid when the physician reached the house.

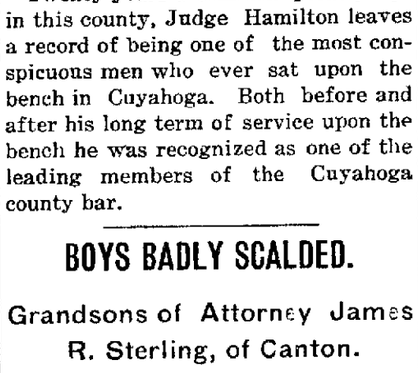
Judge Hamilton was born in Newburg in 1830. His father was Justus Hamilton, who settled in Newburg in 1801. With the exception of three years, two of which were spent in Ottumwa, Ia., he lived his long life of seventy-four years almost entirely in this city. In addition to the high place which he attained as an attorney and judge he was for years actively connected with the business interests of the city, especially in the banking lines.

Twenty years a common pleas judge in this county, Judge Hamilton leaves a record of being one of the most conspicuous men who ever sat upon the bench in Cuyahoga. Both before and after his long term of service upon the bench he was recognized as one of the leading members of the Cuyahoga county bar.

BOYS BADLY SCALDED.

Grandsons of Attorney James R. Sterling, of Canton.

Alliance, April 3.—A serious and probably fatal accident occurred at Lake park Sunday afternoon. Fred and Allen Sterling, the two young sons of Chief Engineer Sterling, of the Stark Electric Company, were badly scalded at the power house of the company while playing among the boilers. The boys had been in the habit of frequenting the place and on Sunday afternoon were playing in back of the boilers and near the exhaust pipe of the engine. The fireman did not know of their presence and exhausted the steam pipes while they were directly back of the exhaust pipe with the result that the little fellows were badly burned. Fred, the eldest, aged about nine years, was badly burned about the back and arms and cannot live. Allen, aged about seven, was badly burned but will recover. Dr. P. C. Ramsey was called to attend the injured ones and they were made as comfortable as possible but their injuries are very painful. The boys are grandsons of Attorney James Sterling, of Canton.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THROAT?
Don't let it run on—it may prove dangerous. Go to your druggist and ask for
TONSILINE.
TONSILINE is the greatest throat remedy on earth. Tonsiline not only cures Sore Throats of all kinds, very quickly, but is a positive, never-failing and speedy cure for Sore Mouth, Hoarseness and Quinsy.
It's the stitch in time.
Don't neglect to use it.
25 and 50 cents at all druggists.
THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

CANDIDATES ARE WORKING HARD.

The Republican Primaries to be Held Saturday.

DEMOCRATIC ONE WEEK LATER.

The Special Election of the Board of Education Upon the Proposition of Issuing Bonds For $50,000 Will Follow One Week After the Democratic Primaries.

The coming three Saturdays promise to be days of much activity in Massillon, for on April 8 the Republican primaries will be held, on April 15 the Democratic primaries and on April 22 will be held the special school board election to determine the proposition to issue bonds for $50,000.

The official call for the Republican primaries has been issued for several days but as yet the Democrats have not given the customary official notice to the public. Candidates will be nominated at the Republican primaries for the township, city, county and judicial tickets. Delegates will also be chosen to the county convention, a delegate to be elected for every one hundred votes cast for President Roosevelt last November. Twenty-one delegates will be elected from Massillon, as follows: First ward, precinct A, 3, B, 3; second ward, precinct A, 2, B, 3; third ward, precinct A, 3, B, 2; fourth ward, precinct A, 3, B, 2.

The primaries in Massillon will be held in the city prison and in the old engine house. The voters of the first and fourth wards will cast their ballots in the city prison and those of the second and third wards in the old engine house. This plan has been adopted by the committee as the best to avoid confusion at a late hour in the evening when it is expected that there will be many who will want to cast their ballots. The polls will be open from 1 to 7 o'clock in the afternoon. The voters in Perry township will meet as follows: Massillon precinct in the township office; Richville precinct in Metzger's grocery.

The voters of Tuscarawas township will meet as usual in East Greenville, Pigeon Run, Stands and West Brookfield.

Whether or not the Democrats will adopt the same means of carrying on the primaries and hold the voting in two places in the city has not been announced. The present week will be used by the candidates for its greatest value. Within the past week, the Democratic candidates have become extremely active and the approach of the Democratic primaries has turned the discussion of local politics away in part from the Republican candidates. It has been several years since Massillon has experienced as stirring a primary campaign as it has during the past few weeks. Many of the Republican candidates have been in the field for several months and the canvass has been complete. Although some of the Democratic candidates have not been openly in the field for any great length of time, it was known by friends that several were to announce their names and their friends were active in their behalf long before a formal announcement was made. During the past week the Democratic candidates have visited the large centers where men are employed and cards have been passed around.

Very little has been heard about the propositions to be submitted to the people in the special board of education election, but Clerk Fox has certified the resolutions passed by the board to the board of election and the date has been fixed for April 22. The question as to whether or not there will be one voting place or the usual voting places in all of the wards has not been determined. This will be settled at once by the board of election. The board of education has submitted two propositions to the people. The first provides for the issuance of bonds in the sum of $23,000 to pay off unfunded indebtedness. The second provides for bonds in the sum of $27,000, the money from which is to be used in building additional school rooms and making needed repairs. The board has made a thorough investigation of the improvement question and will be compelled to use diligent care to make the desired improvements with the money obtained, provided the bond issue receives favorable consideration. The board desires to have the election at an early date so that the necessary legal steps may be taken to sell the bonds by June 1 if possible, in order any improvements desired may be commenced as soon as the schools close for the summer vacation. The plans for the additional rooms at the State street school building were drawn last year but because of a lack of funds were not commenced.

Read the Want Columns daily.

CROP CONDITIONS GOOD.

Winter Wheat Promising in all Sections.

Washington, April 3.—The weather bureau's monthly summary of crop conditions is as follows:

Nearly the entire country has experienced exceptionally favorable conditions for farming operations during the month of March. The temperatures were mild throughout the month, with the exception of the lake region, middle Atlantic states and New England, where it was colder during the first half, but mild and favorable during the second half. Throughout the central valleys and generally on the Pacific coast farm work is unusually well advanced, and, while slow progress was made in the middle Atlantic states and New England during the fore part of the month, operations were active during the latter part.

Winter wheat is very promising, practically all reports indicating that this crop has come through the winter in unusually fine condition in the principal winter wheat states.

Good progress was made with seeding of spring wheat and oats, the seeding of oats being nearly completed in Illinois, Missouri and in the more southerly states the early sown is coming up to good standards.

Throughout the central valleys the soil was in fine condition for plowing during most of the month and this work is well advanced. Some corn has been planted as far north as Kansas, Missouri, Tennessee and North Carolina.

Reports indicate that peach buds have been extensively killed in the central valleys and central Gulf states, but in the Atlantic coast districts peaches have been but little injured so far. The reports respecting other fruits are generally encouraging.

MUST WORK IN HIS OLD AGE.

Ex-Senator Stewart Has Lost His Entire Fortune.

Washington, April 3.—A pathetic illustration of the ups and downs of politics and wealth is found in the removal of ex-Senator William M. Stewart, to Tonapah, Nev., where he goes to establish a law office and keep an eye on mineral developments. He will start in right and chipper to build up a new fortune for himself.

Ex-Senator Stewart is 78 years old, but seems to be hale and hearty, despite his patriarchal appearance. He went to California when gold was discovered, and began work with a pick and shovel. He accumulated a fortune and was always regarded as a millionaire until recently. His property dwindled away until now it is necessary for him to resume the practice of law. He hopes to profit by new gold or silver discoveries, and will do some prospecting.

Mr. Stewart served thirty years in the United States Senate and was among those envied as affluent members of the millionaires' club. He refused a re-election, and his last term expired March 3.

THE NEW COMMISSION.

Reduction of Nearly $20,000 in Salaries of Members.

Washington, April 3.—The new isthmian canal commission, announced today, is as follows: Theodore Shontz, chairman; Charles E. Magoon, governor of the canal zone; John F. Wallace, chief engineer; Rear Admiral Endicott, Brigadier General Hains, Colonel Oswald Ernst, and Benjamin Harrod. Secretary Taft also issued a statement explaining the plan of reorganization and the duties of the members. The salaries will aggregate $102,500, against $120,000 paid to the previous commission. Professor William Burr and William Barcky Parsons, civil engineers, will be appointed members of the consulting board of engineers.

REVEALED LODGE'S SECRETS.

Negro Witnessed Initiatory Ceremonies of Eagles.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 3.—"Bud" Sprinkle, colored, concealed himself in the balcony of the lodge hall of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, at Cameron, last Friday evening. Several candidates were initiated, and Sprinkle is said to have been in full view and hearing of the order of ceremonies. The next day he told a number of friends on the street about the matter, and the society appointed a committee to mete out punishment for the intruder.

The result was they met the negro on the street in the evening and gave him an unmerciful beating, after which they are said to have threatened him with a rail-riding if he did not leave the city at once. He left and was in Moundsville today with a battered up face and bandaged head. It is reported that the fraternity of the latter place have also threatened Sprinkle with violence.

A lazy liver makes a lazy man. Burdock Blood Bitters is the natural, never failing remedy for a lazy liver.

DEATH CALLED CHRISTIAN GILTZ.

A Well Known Carpenter and Contractor of this City.

FUNERAL TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

The Deceased Was Born Near Zoar But Had Spent the Greater Part of His Life as a Resident of Massillon—Mr. Giltz is Survived by Wife, Children and Other Relatives.

Christian Giltz, aged 56 years, a well known carpenter and contractor, died at the family home, 212 West Main street, of cancer, Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, after a painful illness of five months. Mr. Giltz had been in failing health for a year, but continued to follow his trade until compelled to stop because of a lack of strength. The funeral will be held from the late residence Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, the Rev. L. H. Burry officiating. Interment will be made in the Massillon cemetery.

The deceased was born in Tuscarawas county and lived at Zoar during his boyhood days. Mr. Giltz came to Massillon in 1867 and at once began to work at his trade, following this occupation the rest of his life. He was married to Louise Knipe, also a resident of Tuscarawas county. The deceased is survived by his wife and eight children, Albert, Edward, Henry, Elmer, Clarence, and the Misses Myrtle and Lulu Giltz; six brothers and two sisters, Godfried Giltz and Mrs. Katherine Blocher and Mrs. Mary Moser, of Massillon; John Giltz, of Strasburg, Jacob, William and Albert Giltz, of Zoar, and Louis Giltz, of Canal Dover. Mrs. Jacob Giltz, the deceased's aged mother, still lives at Zoar and has been an invalid for several years, due to a paralytic stroke.

RAYMOND VAN BUREN.

Raymond Van Buren, aged 32 years, died at the Massillon state hospital Sunday as the result of a stroke of apoplexy. The deceased was a heavily built man and although a patient was given employment in the engine house, where he shoveled coal, and held the reputation of being able to shovel more coal in a day than any other person at the hospital. He had been a patient in the institution for four and one-half years. Relatives in Akron have been notified of his death.

MRS. HOBSON'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Elizabeth Hobson was held Sunday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock from the late residence in West Tremont street, and from the Wesley M. E. church at 2 o'clock. Ensign and Mrs. Runcie, of the Salvation Army corps of Canton, conducted the services. The deceased was a member of the local Army while Ensign and Mrs. Runcie were in Massillon. Mr. Hobson is employed in the Reed & Company's glass factory and fellow employes gave beautiful flowers. The pall bearers were L. B. Lare, Walter Smith, Frank Barkheimer, James Kline, Elmer Kuhn and C. L. Borway. Interment was made in the Massillon cemetery.

TWENTY MINERS KILLED.

Fifty-four are Entombed in Mine at Ziegler.

Carbondale, Ill., April 3.—Railroad officials here say fifty four miners were entombed by a gas explosion in the Joseph Leiter mine, Zeigler, Ill. Twenty miners were killed and eighteen wounded.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Our Eye Examinations Are Scientific.

We have a reputation in Massillon for the high class work we are doing.

We **do not** change glasses free every few days as some do **(which shows plainly that they were not properly fitted to begin with)**, but if our glasses are not perfectly satisfactory in 60 days we will cheerfully refund your money.

YOU RUN NO RISK.

Examination Free. **We are Here to Stay.**

We can refer you to all the People you wish to talk with regarding our work

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17 South Erie. **Graduate Optician.** **Massillon, O.**

Our West Show Window is Full of

Base Ball and Tennis Goods.

Take a look. Get our prices. You will buy of us.

Rider & Snyder, DRUGGISTS, No 12 E. Main St.

STOP THE PAIN.

We stop all pains in an aching tooth by one application. We fill teeth painlessly, Our prices are reasonable We use the best material. We guarantee all our work, We give gas for extracting.

Painless Extracting, 25c.

Gold Crowns $3.50 up.

Harsh Block, Cor. Main & Erie Sts Massillon, Ohio.

NEW YORK DENTAL PARLORS

DR. COOK, Manager.

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Current Theater Gossip

Ellis Jeffreys, the Talented English Actress Who Is to Tour America---Her Career---Joseph Jefferson and His Ultimate Successor---W. B. Mack.

[From Our New York Dramatic Correspondent.]

Ellis Jeffreys, who recently arrived in the United States for a long starring engagement under Liebler & Co., is reputed by the best informed in London to be really the most gifted and capable of all English dramatic artistes of the present day. She is young, handsome, of fine presence and possessed of a talent sufficient to have won for her the reputation of being the best leading woman the famous Haymarket (London) company has known for thirty years.

Ellis Jeffreys, though not over twenty-eight years of age, has been a conspicuous figure in the London theat-

ELLIS JEFFREYS.

rical world for many years. She is "to the manner born" and has from the very beginning of her career been in distinguished company.

She first began with Sir Charles Wyndham at the Criterion and for two years played in comedy parts, from whence she went to the Adelphi under the management of the Gattis, where she appeared in melodrama, and from there back to comedy parts again, this time at Terry's theater, where for the first time she became the "leading lady." From Terry's she went to the Duke of York's theater to play lead in the "Dovecot" and from there to John Hare at the Garrick. She was under Mr. Hare's management for nearly two years, when she went back to Sir Charles Wyndham at the Criterion and then to the St. James' with Mr. Alexander for two years, where she played in every production of his during that time.

It was from Mr. Alexander's company that she was promoted to the Haymarket, and there she has won her greatest fame. During her stage career she has played in plays by Mr. Pinero, H. A. Jones, Sidney Grundy, Captain Robert Marshall and Hubert Henry Davies. Her best known parts and most pronounced successes have been as Lady Teazle, Cousin Kate, Lady Flirt and Minnie Gilfillan in "Sweet Lavender."

Miss Jeffreys is the wife of Herbert Sleath and is devoted to her art and her husband. She is "divinely tall, divinely fair" and a lady of striking appearance whether seen at her home, at a social assemblage or on the stage. Her new American contract is for a number of years and calls for her presentation early in the spring at some leading New York theater. She will bring an especially selected London company with her and will appear in "The Prince Consort," a play adapted from the French by William Boosey.

"The Earl and the Girl."

"The Earl and the Girl," which the Shuberts are soon to produce, is about the only big musical comedy success of the year in Great Britain. The two dramatic hits are "Beauty and the Barge" and "Peter Pan." The management hopes to make "The Earl" prove to America what "The Belle of New York" did to England. Ivan Caryll, the composer, remained in this country several weeks after the production of his "The Duchess of Dantzic" in order to oversee—or should one say overhear?—the orchestra rehearsals, and R. H. Burnside is already at work with the chorus. The company, headed by Eddie Foy, will be unusually strong.

Jefferson's Real Retirement.

Although Joseph Jefferson retired from active stage work only last fall, a careful compiler of theatrical data on a Boston paper calls attention to the fact that, so far as a large proportion of the American public is concerned, the veteran actor has been retired for many years. He made his last Chicago appearance in 1903, to be sure, and Boston saw him in 1902, but New York has not seen him in five years. It is ten years since he has been west of the Mississippi, and his acting is practically an unknown quantity except as tradition to the theater goers of the Pacific coast.

Though he has played his Caleb Plummer in "Cricket on the Hearth," his Mr. Golightly in "Lend Me Five Shillings" and his Bob Acres in "The Rivals" in Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago and New York within the past few years, it is some time longer since Joe Jefferson retired from the stage of the cities of middle size. These cities, which occasionally enjoyed the performances of Mansfield, Irving, Bernhardt, Booth and Salvini, have not seen Jefferson because he has played only twelve weeks a year and these have been arranged to carry him from Buzzards Bay, Mass., to Palm Beach, Fla., in the fall and back again in the spring.

Tim Murphy, a highly polished and popular comedian, whose creative work has often been compared with that of Jefferson, John T. Raymond and Sol Smith Russell, intends to take up the Jefferson repertory.

Not only should he play these delightful roles with native charm and rare skill, but he displays exceeding shrewdness in the move, for, as the Boston writer points out, Joseph Jefferson retired from most of the American cities years ago and his visits to the centers have been brief and infrequent. Mr. Murphy, though he will have new productions throughout, is to have the assistance of the Jefferson prompt books for "The Rivals," "Lend Me Five Shillings" and "Cricket on the Hearth."

William B. Mack.

That talented actor, William B. Mack, has scored a big individual hit in "Leah Kleschna," which Mrs. Fiske is producing at the Manhattan theater. Mack plays the role of Shram, a pal of Kleschna, the great Viennese burglar. His makeup is as striking as his acting is effective, which is saying a great deal.

Lorena Atwood.

Lorena Atwood, a well known, handsome and clever California actress, engaged by George Tyler to play Mrs. Vidal in "Raffles," supporting Kyrle Bellew, has made a big hit in the part. The critics have been unanimous in saying she is far superior to the original in the role. Miss Atwood was lately leading woman of Belasco's stock company at the Alcazar theater, San Francisco. She is described as tall, dark, typically Californian in face and form, which means another beauty added to the stage. She is considering an offer to support Mr. Bellew in London next season.

Albert Chevalier.

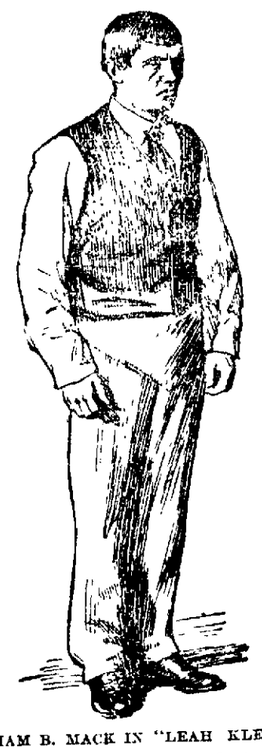
When asked if there was any likelihood of his going back to straight drama, Albert Chevalier recently said:

"I hope to. I am at work now on a play that may turn out well. I would gladly go back if I could find a suitable arrangement. By that I mean, of course, a character that would suit me and a suitable financial arrangement. Time will tell."

There is one interesting thing about Chevalier which shows the nature of the man to a dot. While he is talking he unconsciously pictures the character he is talking of. If he says "old man," he becomes an old man in voice and feature immediately. If he says "Frenchman," his hands fly about, and he is the Frenchman to the life. Should he talk about his "silly boy" he takes on a vacuous expression and drawls. It is the same all through. Mr. Chevalier is a bundle of emotions, and one need only watch his rendition of "My Old Dutch" to realize this instantly, for he sheds real tears during his portrayal of the character, and he stands in the wings and wipes them away before his next entrance.

An Imported Prodigy.

A man that could carry in his memory the text of 100 books with an average of over 100,000 words to each



WILLIAM B. MACK IN "LEAH KLESCHNA."

would seem to have a perfect right to be considered eligible to the "memory" chair in any university. Yet on the payroll of Henry W. Savage's English Grand Opera company is Chevalier N. B. Emanuel, a man who carries 17,000,000 notes, musical characters and words in his memory.

The chevalier has spent thirty years in the leading opera houses of Europe as conductor. He wears many decorations from royalty in different countries where he has given exhibitions of his phenomenal gift.

ROBERT BUTLER.

Speedy Hugh Palliser.

A future skating champion is Hugh Palliser Hedley school, Brooklyn. Palliser is highly thought of by such men as Morris Wood, Bellefeuille, the Canadian expert, etc., and has gone several remarkably fast half miles. He is at his best under the mile. He has strength, science and ambition, three essentials in the makeup of a champion.

THE NEW VOGUE.

INVENTIONS OF THE MODISTES THAT ARE NOW ON TRIAL.

How the Revival of Cashmere Is Exploited—The Elbow Sleeve Charmingly Graceful—Attractive Features Illustrated in Smart Costumes.

The caprices of fashion are never so fickle as when the vogue of a season is being evolved. One of the tentative efforts of Paris, shown in the cut, illustrates the revival of cashmere. This is a demiseason costume of mastic

A COSTUME OF THE DEMISEASON.

cachemire souple. Golden brown and red checked taffeta compose the vest and undersleeves of the long basqued coat, which is cut in tabs decorated with small taffeta buttons.

Of the elbow sleeve, whose vogue seems assured despite all the atmospheric uncertainties of spring, one of the figures in the second cut gives a charming illustration. The dress is of red cashmere cloth, trimmed with narrow lines of braid to match, the waistcoat being of white cloth, the cravat and sleeve frills of deep ecru net.

The hat of this costume also deserves notice. It is of a favorite shape. Made in red felt, it is trimmed with a shaded

CASHMERE AND VELVETEEN GOWNS.

ostrich feather and has a band formed of three rows of huge red beads round the crown.

Beads, it is said, will play a very pretty role in the spring millinery, some of the brims of Paris hats being entirely composed of them.

The second figure of the sketch represents a dress of soft green velveteen, with little frillings of the same color in taffeta, bearing a vest of the palest shade of blue. The skirt to this is very novel and deserves special attention.

The sleeves represent the most notable revival of the moment, a sleeve which sets outward from the shoulder and is narrow below the elbow. These entirely reverse the order of their predecessors, which sloped on the shoulder and were full at the wrist.

It is difficult to decide which is the more attractive.

This costume, again, exploits one of the very smart hats of the spring.

The draping of the bodices about the figure distinguishes many of the latest of both evening and day gowns.

AMY VARNUM.

The Emerald Ring.

For finger rings the emerald is said to lead all precious stones. Emeralds of elliptical and ovoid shapes are worn only by elderly women, while young women affect the square cut emerald. Sometimes this stone is outlined in small diamonds, but far more fashionable is a fine beading of gold wire. At first blush so plain a setting might appear dull and unattractive, but it takes only a short time for an observer to realize that those effulgent stones need no elaborate frame to set off their beauty. If the same unobstrusive way is set the dome shaped emerald, from whose polished surface the light reflects with a peculiar sheen.

The Hotel Brusher.

The position of brusher in the barber shop of a large hotel in New York is worth at least $30 a week if a young man attends to business. Hotel patrons are liberal tippers. The brusher is expected to find seats for customers if the barbers' chairs are filled and to hand around the morning and illustrated papers. The boss barber pays them no salary. Permission to work in the shop is considered sufficient compensation. The hours are long, and in most cases brushers are allowed a boy as an assistant.

PROMPTLY AT WORK.

New Canal Commission Takes Hold Energetically.

Washington, April 5.—The Panama canal commission has completed its organization by resolving to continue the clerical force for the present and by formally adopting the orders of the president and the secretary of war as resolutions in order to give them effect as acts of the commission.

A cablegram was forwarded to General Davis authorizing him to continue to perform the duties of governor of the canal zone until he can be relieved by Judge Magoon. No definite time for the new governor's departure for his post has been set, but it is stated that the commission will probably continue its sittings in this city until about the middle of the present month.

FOOLED THE SEARCHERS.

How a Quick Witted Scotchwoman Saved a Fugitive.

John Maxwell, a stout Protestant, who had taken part in the battle of Rullion Green, Nov. 28, 1666, successfully defied the many attempts that were made to capture him. Once he had a very narrow shave. The soldiers traced him to Edinburgh and there gave him a chase. Bolting down a close, he dashed into a tavern and explained his desperate case to the landlady, who locked him into the chest that held the oatmeal. The soldiers then entered and searched the house from top to bottom, but could not find their man. Vowing they knew he was on the premises, they called for drink and sat down to think over the matter. One of them, seated on the box that contained the fugitive, remarked:

"I wouldn't say but the Whig is in this very kist (chest). Guidwife, gie's the key and we'll see."

In no way put about, the landlady went to the door and cried to her girl upstairs:

"Jeanie, rin to the guidman for the key o' the kist till we see if a Whig can lie in the meal and no be hoasting (coughing) wi't."

At this the soldiers burst out laughing, felt there was truth in the guidwife's taunt, drained their cups and departed. Maxwell at last managed to escape to Ireland, where he died.

MACARONI.

One Story of the Origin of the Name and the Dish.

A great many stories are in existence about the origin of the word "macaroni" and the invention of the dish so designated. According to one authority, a drunken chef employed by one of the popes was responsible both for the name and the dish. He was preparing a souffle for the papal soup, and, having taken considerably more than a drop too much, he went on stirring the flour until the souffle was of the consistency of hard tack. The assistant chef, knowing that his holiness was not overpatient about things pertaining to the table, ventured to call the attention of his chef to this fact, and the latter, being a resourceful man, decided to make a paste instead of a souffle.

He waited the result with some anxiety and responded to a call to appear before his holiness with considerable perturbation. Visions of a stay in the papal dungeon rose before him, and when the pontiff asked, with a smiling face, for the name of the wonderful paste served in the soup he was too nervous to think of a name. "My caro" (my favorite) he replied at last, and the pontiff, not catching the words exactly, said: "Macaroni? Well, in future never serve me a meal without a dish of macaroni."—Indianapolis Sentinel.

A BRAVE TOREADOR.

One of the Most Thrilling Incidents of the Bull Ring.

The famous Spanish toreador Reverte figured in one of the most thrilling incidents ever witnessed in the arena. It was at Bayonne. After disposing of two bulls Reverte had twice plunged his sword into a third of great strength and ferocity, and as the beast continued careering wildly the spectators began to hiss Reverte for bungling. Wounded to the very quick of his pride, the Spaniard shouted, "The bull is slain!" and, throwing aside his sword, sank on one knee with folded arms in the middle of the ring. He was right, but he had not allowed for the margin of accident. The wounded beast charged full upon him, but the matadore, splendid to the last, knelt motionless as a statue, while the spectators held their breath in horrified suspense. Reaching his victim, the bull literally bounded at him, and as he sprang he sank in death, with his last effort giving one fearful lunge of the head that drove a horn into the thigh of the kneeling man and laid bare the bone from the knee to the joint. Still Reverte never flinched, but remained kneeling, exultant in victory, but calmly contemptuous of applause, till he was carried away to heal him of his grievous wound.

Ancestors.

"My ancestors" said the man whose name happened to be Endicott, "came over in the Mayflower."

"And mine," observed the man whose name was Adams, "were the original occupants of the garden of Eden."—Chicago Tribune.

Enthusiasm.

Nothing is so contagious as enthusiasm. It is the real allegory of the tale of Orpheus; it moves stones; it charms brutes. Enthusiasm is the genius of sincerity, and truth accomplishes no victories without it.—Bulwer.

To make knowledge valuable you must have the cheerfulness of wisdom.—Emerson.

Lobster Mortality High.

A lobster lays thousands of eggs, most of which hatch, but few ever live to grow up. This is not the fault of the mother, for she carries them about with her for nearly a year and with admirable instinct guards them as she does her own life. When the young are set free her duty is done, for they must then shift for themselves. Though hardly larger than mosquitoes, being about one-third of an inch long, the little ones leave their parents on the bottom and swim toward the light—to the surface, where from one to two months, if fortune favors them, they lead a free, roving life. The open sea is a poor nursery for such weaklings, which become the sport of every storm and the prey of numberless hungry mouths. Out of a brood of 10,000 it would be a rare chance for more than one or two lobsters to reach maturity or finally to end their career in the kitchen or the chafing dish.—St. Nicholas.

Imprisoned In the Wind.

Butterflies may be imprisoned and uninjured in the midst of a whirlwind. Gales in a genuine typhoon are so terrible that the stoutest ships can scarcely hope to weather them, but there is a spot at the very center of the storm where something like a dead calm prevails. From the outer edge of the disturbance, which may be 300 miles across, the wind velocity increases toward the center until within a few miles of that point there comes a sudden lull. There the rain ceases and the sky often clears. In this little calm area, which sailors call "the eye of the storm," a group of butterflies has frequently been imprisoned, and their dainty, delicate forms are as safe in this aerial cage as if hovering in sunny meadows, but as helpless as in a collector's bottle.

Genius finds its own road and carries its own lamp.—Willmott.

MASSILLON MARKET.

The following are the retail prices today in Massillon. This report is corrected daily:

Country butter, per lb	30-32
Creamery butter	34
Eggs, per dozen	18
Chickens, spring, lb	18
Cabbage, per pound	2½
Lettuce, per lb	18
Onions, per peck	50
Potatoes, per bushel	45
Jersey Sweet Potatoes per peck	50

Dealers Pay for Country Produce:

Country butter, per lb	25 26
Eggs, per dozen	15
Chickens, live, per lb	12
Chickens, spring, dressed lb	14
Chickens, dressed	12
Cabbage, per doz	50
Potatoes, per bushel	30

GRAIN MARKETS.

Following are the paying prices.

Wheat	$1.05
Oats	32-32
Corn	55

Following are the selling prices.

Hay, baled, per hundred	80
Straw, per hundred	55
Shelled corn, per bushel	70
Oats, per bushel	40
Corn	70
Hay, loose, per ton	$10 $11

Notice of Presenting County Road Petition.

Notice is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the Commissioners of Stark County, at their second meeting in May, A. D. 1905, praying for the location of a country road on the following line, to-wit: Beginning in the public road between Perry and Tuscarawas Townships, Stark County, Ohio, on the west line of Section 19 Perry Township at a point on said west line of Section 19, marked by the northwest corner of a tract of land owned by I. J. Williams; thence east and parallel with the north line of Section 19 to the certain road extended south from McCullough street; thence northwardly along said road to the south line of McCullough street at the south line of the corporation limits of the City of Massillon.

FRED ALBRECHT,
Principal Petitioner.

By R. A. Pinn his Attorney.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

How Is Your Heart?

Is your pulse weak, too slow, too fast, or does it skip a beat?

Do you have shortness of breath, weak or hungry spells, fainting, smothering or choking spells, palpitation, fluttering, pains around the heart, in side and shoulder; or hurt when lying on left side?

If you have any of these symptoms your heart is weak or diseased, and cannot get better without assistance.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure strengthens weak hearts, and rarely ever fails to cure heart disease. Try it, and see how quickly you will find relief.

"About January 1st, 1902, I took down with weakness and dropsy, and gradually grew worse. I was told by my family physician that my case was hopeless. My neighbors and family had given me up to die. My limbs and body were swollen to one-third larger than normal size, and water had collected around my heart. For at least three months I had to sit propped up in bed to keep from smothering. I sent for five bottles of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, and by the time I had taken them all I was entirely cured. I feel better than I have for twenty years, and I am able to do any kind of work on my farm. My attending physician told me that if it hadn't been for Dr. Miles' Heart Cure I would now be in my grave."
L. T. CURD, Wilmore, Ky.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

Sick Wives and Daughters.

You have often seen them with pale faces, poor appetite, head and backache, symptoms common to the sex. Fathers and mothers lose no time in securing Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y. It will cost only one dollar and is much cheaper than sickness. Write to Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Low Fares to California via Pennsylvania Lines.

April 10th to 14th, inclusive, excursion tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles, account Session of the Woodmen of the World and Women of Woodcraft, will be sold from all stations on the Pennsylvania Lines. For full information regarding fares, routes, time of trains, etc., apply to Local Ticket Agent of those lines.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort, instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

Galveston Announces Arrangements for Northern Settlers' Convention Complete.

The Galveston Business Men's Club advises that all arrangements are completed looking to the entertainment of visitors to the Northern Settlers' Convention, April 21, 22 and 23, and already quarters are being assigned to those thoughtful enough to make arrangements of this character in advance of their coming. The Auditorium, with a seating capacity of 7,000, has been provided with additional chairs; vessels have been chartered for a trip on the Gulf, and an inspection of the largest shipping docks in the world. Thirty miles of magnificent beach driveway will be one of the attractions to visitors from interior states. The Southern Pacific Industrial Exhibit will be installed in the Auditorium and visitors will have an opportunity of studying the products of Texas during the four seasons, everything being free. Round trip tickets at low rates will be on sale from your station Tuesday, April 18.

The round trip rate from St. Louis will be only $15. Proportionately low rates from all points. Address

E. W. LaBEAUME, G. P. and T. A., Cotton Belt Route, St. Louis, Mo.

NOW IS THE TIME

To look up your old bicycles and have them repaired. I will do the work cheap. Racycle, Day, Yale, Reading, Standard, $20-40.

We also Buy Old Wheels and Sell Second Hand Wheels.

We also sell New Wheels from $20.00 to $40.00. Bicycle Tires from $2.00 to $5.00 each. Coaster Brakes put on any wheel. Bicycle sundries all prices. Linseed oil, oils, paints, varnishes, stains, dryer, floor oil, white lead, window glass. Oil Cloth 28c to 75c. Linoleum, $1.00 to $1.40. Hardware. Miners' Oil 40c. Handles, Picks, Shovels, Lamps. Cistern Pumps $2.00 to $4.00. Well Pumps, $3.00 to $5.00, Sink Pumps $1.25 to $2.50. Step Ladders and Ladders. Cook Stoves from $12.00 to $25.00. Steel Ranges $30.00, with Reservoir $40.00. Go Cart tires put on. New Wringers $1.75 to $4.00. Wringers repaired, Umbrellas repaired. Building Paper, 40c to 60c. Roofing Paper, 3-ply 95c, 2-ply 75c. Roofing Paint, guaranteed for five years. Nails per lb. 3c. Clover Seed Sowers $1.50. Stove Pipe, from 2-in. to 7-in. Hot Plates, 50c to $3.00. Gasoline Stoves, from $3.00 to $5.00. Mantels, from 8c to 25c. Globes, 8c to $1.00. Two-light Chandeliers $1.25 to $5.00. Brackets, 25c to $1.25. Portable Lamps, $2.00 to $4.50. All kinds of grinding. Gas ranges from $7.50 to $18.

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Washing Machines and Cream Separators.

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